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THE INDIAN RAILWAY
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THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette

No 54,745.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
12th June	SALSETTE	6000	VICTORIA	6523
19th "	OCEANA	6610	.....	...
26th "	HIMALAYA	6898	MOOLTAN	9691
3rd July	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
17th "	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
7th Augt.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
28th "	OCEANA	6610	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said excepting in cases of the "Egypt," "Arabia" and "Oceana" sailing in May and June which will proceed through to Brindisi.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a. m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the Importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 1 and 1-30 o'clock p. m. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms

For Accommodation and further particulars apply to

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Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Company.

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GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines, Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
TRIESTE	5,095	S. Olivuk	1st July 1909
KOERNER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Aug. 1909
TRIESTE	5,095	S. Olivuk	1st Sept. 1909
KOERNER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Oct. 1909
AFRICA	4,719	P. Radosich	1st Nov. 1909
BOHEMIA	4,381	M. Dabcevich	16th " 1909
KOERNER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Dec. 1909
PRAGA	5,393	G. Gilhuber	16th " 1909

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN-TICKETS.

Are issued, to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd's from Genoa to Colombo, and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers' Season (March, April and May) all the Steamers of the direct Line will call on their Homeward voyages first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
SILESIA	5,150	F. Radonicich	24th June 1909

For further particulars regarding passages, apply to,

W. DENSO,
Agent,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Coy
Sassoon House 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

Milk Scones

at tea-time are always appreciated and enjoyed and if prepared with the aid of Brown & Polson's 'Paisley Flour' instead of baking powder, less time is taken in making and baking. They may be baked in a quick oven in from three to five minutes, and served to table immediately. 'Paisley Flour' Scones are best when new. Remember

'PAISLEY FLOUR'

The SURE Raising Powder
—one part to eight of ordinary flour.
Recipes in every tin.

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SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI Direct,
Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time, about
BULIMBA	2,810	Mon 14th June	noon.
DWARKA	1,695	Thur 17th June	9 a. m.
LINGA	2,171	Fri, 18th June	6 a. m. †

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, 14th June, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 17th June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Kuwait, Mahomera and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad,

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,260 tons, sailing on or about 11th June.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand, apply to

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
10th June, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnon	8th July 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	5,378	Barillon	8th Aug. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	2nd Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,585	Boyer	30th Sept. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Rebufat	28th Oct. 1909,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Far

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO,

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	18th June 1909.
DUMBEA	5,585	Boyer	16th July "

For further particulars apply to—

L. BRICARD,
Agent,
Albert Building, Hornby Road.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE

(Transhipping at PORT SAID),

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
R. RUBATTINO	4,500	L. Mancini	18th June 1909,
D. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	16th July 1909
R RUBATTINO	4,580	L Mancini	16th Aug. 1909,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 900 *	" 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 833; 2nd Class Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going *viâ* Genoa and returning *viâ* Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port *en route*.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste,

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th June 1909.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th Aug. 1909.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 145 and to HONGKONG Rs. 320.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued,
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No. 69 HORNBY ROAD.

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(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

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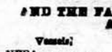

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
KANZLER	3,000	Allrich	21st June
PRAESIDENT	3,400	Muhlbauer	2nd July

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

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66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 14,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*,
LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld
LONDON COMMITTEE

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A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers*

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BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA
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HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA,
HANKOW,	PENANG,	YLOILO,

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

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C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET.. BOMBAY

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold $3,468,244·55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon,	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000,

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application,

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, L D.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	" 15,500 000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Aniwa-Hoito	Liverpool	Peking
Chemulpho	Lyons	San Francisco
Chefoo	Mukden (Mukden)	Shanghai
Dairen (Dalny)	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	Newchwang	Tsinanfu
Hanoinin	New York	Tokyo
Hongkong	Osaka	
Kobe	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	
London		

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted,

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings,
GRENEY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 27,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 700,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Hewera-Eliya,
Bombay.	Futicorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong	Aden, (Steamer Point.)
Karachi,	Rangoon.	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore,	Mandalay,	Mombasa
Lahore	Colombo,	Natrobi.
Amritsar,	Kandy.	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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1909.

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GUTTÆ VITÆ
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The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

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Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful complaints. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 1s. 9d. per Box.

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BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
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MUNCHERJEE DORABJEE & CO.

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STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 437 of 1909.

The Firm of VASSANJI TRICUMJI AND CO., carrying on business at Mandvi Bundar, at Bombay, for themselves and the other creditors of the estate of the deceased EBRAHIMGHAI HAS-SAMBHAI ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

1. ESMAILBHAI SHIVJI.
2. FAZALBHAI MEHERALLI CHINOY, Executors of the last Will and testament of Ebrahimbhai Hassambhai deceased, residing respectively at Khadak and Colaba in the town and Island of Bombay.
3. REMMUTBHAI, widow of the said deceased Ebrahimbhai Hassambhai, residing at Pala Gully, in the town and Island of Bombay, and
4. JANABAI, wife of HASSAMBHAI RAHIMTULLA KHAIRAJ, of Bombay, Khoja Inhabitants, residing at Pedder Road, in the town and Island of Bombay ..... Defendents.

PURSUANT to the provisions of Order I, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Notice is hereby given that the plaintiffs abovenamed have, on the 9th day of June, 1909, instituted this Suit in this Honourable Court against the abovenamed defendants praying as follows:—

(a) That the estate of the deceased Ebrahimbhai Hassambhai may be administered by and under the directions of this Honourable Court.

(b) That an account of the immoveable and moveable properties belonging to the said estate may be taken.

(c) That such other accounts may be taken such inquiries made and directions given as this Honourable Court thinks proper.

(d) That the defendants 1 and 2 may be appointed Receivers to take or keep charge of the immoveable and moveable properties of the estate and recover rents and profits thereof and the outstandings due thereto with powers to bring and defend suits as they may be advised and to sell all or any of the properties and to execute documents by way of conveyance or otherwise as they may deem proper and with such other powers as this Honourable Court may think fit to give them.

(e) That the Plaintiffs' costs of the suit may be provided for.

(f) That such further and other relief may be granted to the Plaintiffs as this Honourable Court may think proper.

And the hearing of the above suit has been fixed for 9th August 1909.—Dated this 10th day of June, 1909.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

H. H. WADIA, for Prothonotary.

H. H. WADIA, The 10th day of June, 1909. MESSRS. MATUBHAI, JAMIETRAM & MADAN, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.

As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their FIRST ORDINARY MEETING, to be held in the month of August, 1909, or on such day thereafter, as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the Public Street known as GAIL ROAD NORTH.

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation, or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary, at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said Office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 9th day of June, 1909.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

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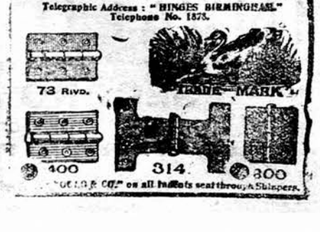

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CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
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Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of Hargevan Hathidas Shah, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 11th June, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Khara Koova, Javen Bazar, out of Fort, a large lot of German silver ware in great variety, glass cupboards, beam scale, iron safe, etc.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and the goods are on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece goods and the following:—

Furniture such as sofas, easy chairs, cupboards, almyrah, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, sideboard, card table, iron safes, cottage piano by Rose typewriter, large collection of law, medical and engineering books.

An invoice of Morocco and Crocodile calf lady's handbags, lady's and gent's, dressing cases, money purses, etc.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, the effects of the late Miss Annie Leonora Ralph, consisting of woolen and silk wearing apparels, skirts, gowns, aprons, gloves, belts, jackets, shoes, drawers, writing case, hats, trunks, chairs and other knick-knacks.

At 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred office breughem.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 11TH JUNE, 1909.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GARDEN LAND AT MAHAVAL.

Under instructions from the owner Mr. Cumroodin Tamji Desai, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms the following valuable land at Mahaval.

All that piece or parcel of land together with fruit trees and a substantially built well of sweet water, situate at Mahaval near Pada Ambora in Thana district, bearing Survey No. 78 and Pott No. 2-3 and containing by admeasurment about 2 acres and 16 goonthas or about 11,616 square yards.

The fruit trees are as follows:—
"Hafoos Paheri" Kalem about 71 trees.
"Kaival" Mange about 10 trees.
Custard apples about 50 trees.
"Saj" wood about 65 trees.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 24 Elphinstone Circle, near Messrs. Kemp and Co., Fort, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and Crockery ware, best plateware, dining table and chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawingroom suite, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, marbletop dressing and washhand tables, rich pictures, and oleographs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of S. F. Thomson, Esqr. and others.

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On SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred pelanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
The property of an European Gentleman:
1 charger Arab mare a fine showy trapper.

SALE of the right of collecting toll at the Sion and Mahim Causeways.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, under instruction of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, sell by Public Auction, the above right at 3 p.m. (S.T.), on THURSDAY, the 1st July, 1909, at the Office of the Assessor and Collector, on the ground floor of the Municipal Building.

Particulars and conditions of Sale may be obtained at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner or at the Auctioneers.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 11TH JUNE, 1909.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 85, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of 120 F.P. Bales of Cotton at Surat.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX. of 1890, and under instructions from the General Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 11th June, 1909, at 3 P.M. (Standard Time), at the Railway Company's Surat Station on account of the concerned.

120 F. P. bales cotton, booked by one Kullianjee, to self under invoice No. 1 R. B. 6 of 1-4-09 ex-Bhopal to Surat.

83 bales of which have been more or less damaged by fire.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lot being knocked down and the balance must be paid and goods removed away within 24 hours.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 11TH JUNE, 1909.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Apply early to
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY,
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & Co., Victoria Terminus and Messrs. DENISON & Co., Hummum Street, Fort.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for exhaustion, sleeplessness, and all distressing consequences of dissipation, worry, overwork, early error, excess, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and energy to those suffering from enervating influences of tropical residence in hot, unhealthy climates.

THERAPION is sold by chemists throughout the world. Price in England 2/9 per packet. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and observe above Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of word 'THERAPION' as it appears on British Government stamp, in white letters on a red ground, affixed to every genuine order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to House Builders, Contractors, Merchants and others.

SALE of SUPERIOR English Tiles for Walls, Staircases and Furniture.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & CO. will, on account of the Consignors, offer for sale by Public Auction to the highest bidder on WEDNESDAY the 16th Instant at their Sales Rooms at 2-30 P. M. (Standard Time).

A large consignment of glazed printed and embossed enamel tiles for Walls, Staircases, Furniture and for interior decoration of rich designs and high quality.

Will be sold in lots to suit the convenience of the purchasers.

The goods can be viewed three days previous to sale.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Valuable pieces of vacant land about 15,000 square yards, and Nilly land about 12,000 square yards, situate at Worlee, suitable for building purposes.

Full particulars from the Undersigned where private offers will also be received.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers.

BOMBAY, 11TH JUNE, 1909.

COLLETT AND COMPANY.

BONAFIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 13th Instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. COLLETT & Co. are instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the up-platform lines, just opposite the Grant Road Station, the very valuable and artistic latest design household furniture, such as telescopic large and small dining tables, real Morocco lined arm and wirhout arm chairs, mirror back sideboards, meatsafe, Ice box, marble top chipandale table and teapoys, fan design tepestry lined drawing-room suites in 10 pieces, one bric-a-brac sofa with centre mirror to match, marble top hall chiffonniers and ornamental cabinets, Curzon gents' and ladies' low and easy chairs, revolving and plain top office tables, office and billiard benches, fancy tile-top teapoys and Jardineers, plate glass book cases, mahoganised double bedsteads, made to order, mirror back wardrobe and almirahs, marble top dressing and washand tables, also open carved furniture, large and small velvet piled hall carpets, kerosene oil Dittmar's table and hanging lamps, curtains, one first rate mahogany solid brass frame upright grand cottage piano by Bluthner imported by Rose & Co., garden plants, medical instruments, microscopes, one full size enlarging camera, old Chinese flower vases and jar, gas and electric fittings of the Bungalow, gramophone, 2 Jost's typewriters, one Singer's nearly new sewing machine, (one Elaborately blackwood richly carved "Zoondah" almirah separated into 5 pieces, good for England or the Museum), etc., etc., the property of a deceased Lady.

Also a consignment of 400 cases of superior well known makers' paint of all sorts of different colours.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

COLLETT & Co.

Bombay, 9th June, 1909.

WREXHAM LAGER BEER

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.

Sold by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACDOWELL & CO., MADRAS.
H. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
And all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

Stephens'

Stephens' Ribbon AND Carbons
For Typewriters

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted For particulars apply to No. 554, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

"CHALLENGE."
GALVANIZED STEEL.
WINDMILLS.
The most Economical and Efficient on the Market.

Prices and full particulars on Application.

W. CROWDER & CO., LTD.,
Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

HAIG & HAIG'S THREE STARS WHISKY.

Rs. 2-8 per bottle,

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
and All Wine Merchants.

SOLE AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

BURMAH LUBRICATING OILS,
Cheapest and Best.
BURMAH PETROL,
Drives your Car Furthest.
BURMAH MOTOR OILS
AND
MOTOR GEAR OIL,
Save all friction in your Car.
BURMAH CANDLES,
Burn brightest and will not warp.
BURMAH KEROSINE GOLD MOHR BRAND,
for Lamps.
BURMAH KEROSINE PICTORIA BRAND
for Oil Engines.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
BURMAH OIL CO., LD.,
SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
Agents.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, KARACHI AND MADRAS.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being an doubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising for

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 15, 1908.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRIC

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 9TH JUNE, 1909.] [BOMBAY, 10TH JUNE, 1909.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols... ...	84 1/8		2/3
2½ do. Rentes	98		1/4
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	98 1/2		3/16
2½ do. Govt Securities....	62 7/8	un chgd	
*Bar Silver in London ...	24 5/16	1/16	
do. do. 2 months' hence	24 5/16	1/16	
do. in New York ...	52 7/8	1/8	
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·22	1	
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·45 1/2	un chgd	
do. do. do. New York.	4·87 3/4	un chgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate.	2 1/2	Since 1st April.	
do Short London Bills			
3 months' sight.	2	un chgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	2 3/8	1/8	
do. 3 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	2 3/8	1/8	
do. 6 months' Fine			
Trade Bills ...	2 7/8	un chgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1 7/8	1/4	
do. 7-day Market Loans...	2	1/4	

†Amount paid into the Bank of England £125,000.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 27-32d. unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.)—77s. 9d. unchgd.
*Closing Tone of Silver —Firm, Buyers.
†On the 8th amount paid £200,000.

London, June 9.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 80,00,000.

Rs. 5,80,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 31,10,000 were allotted to Bombay.
Rs. 26,30,000 were allotted to Madras.

Rs. 62,20,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 33 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 33 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 15·97.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :—
Rs. 5,60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 8,70,000 were allotted to Bombay.
Rs. 3,00,000 were allotted to Madras.

Rs. 16,70,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 33 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 33 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Calcutta, and Bombay, 15·90.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale .....Rs. 83,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week ...Rs. 60,00,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL :—

Spots	Quiet.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester	Quiet.
Total Sales	6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	300
Imports	14,000
Mid-Americans	5·75—06
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	8 9-16 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices:—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
5·64 —01	5·69 —01	5·63 —02	5·65 —02	5·64 —01

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·62 —02	5·62 —02	5·63 —02	5·63 —02

NEW YORK :—

Receipts at U.S. Ports	10,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year	12,000 ,,
Exports to Great Britain	.....
Do to Continent	17,000 ,,
Spot Cotton—11·30—05	
Futures—Month of July 10·78+35	Declined early owing to unfavorable cables and advanced later on Commission house buying.
Do. Oct. 10·72+01	
New Orleans:—	
Spot Cotton—10 7-8 unchgd.	
Futures—Month of July 10·98+04	
Do. do. Oct. 10·72+02	
Closing Tone of Spot—Quiet.	

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C. I. F.—11 5-8—June-July—London—Done.
Tone of Wheat.—Quieter.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe.—62lbs.—43 2-4 July—Sellers—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed :—
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship 46 5-8 June-July—Antwerp—Done.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 o/o ex-ship 46 June-July—H. A. and D.—Value.
Brown Cawnpore 42 3-4—June-July—Hamburg—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Easier.
Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship 47 1-2 Aug.-Sept.—Hamburg—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Steady.
Linseed Argentine—(La Plata)—44 5-8—June-July—Hamburg—Value.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :
In New York Fair Rio (No.7 quality).—7 7-8 unchgd.
Rubber :—
Para Rubber, 5s. 11 2-4d. Value.
Beef and Mutton Tallow :—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... ... 31s. 6d.
,, ,, Mutton Tallow ... ... 32s. 3d.
General tone of Tallow Auction ... ... Firm.

SKIN SALES.

Goat skin sale opened to-day.
Goat skins offered 10,46,000.
Sheep skins offered 11,03,000.
Good demand.
Goat skins Bombay 1d. higher.
Arrivals :—
"Tonquin".

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [10TH JUNE, 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
1 Bundle Sov ...	Rs. 3,000	Bushire ...	M. Mackenzie & Co.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 8th June, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	9	9,133
B.B. & C.I. Railway.	3	9,658

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England...	2½ per cent.	from 1st April
Bank of Bengal ...	5 per cent.	,, 27th May.
Bank of Bombay...	5 per cent.	,, 3rd June.
Bank of Madras ...	7 per cent.	,, 2nd June.

Money :—
The cash balance of the Bank of Madras is Re. 1-4 lacs up. The Bank of Bengal cash balance is Re. 24 lacs up.

Exchange :—
The market opened at 1s 3 31-32d. for T.T., 1s.4d. on demand, and 1s 4 5-32d. for 3 months' Sight Credits. There were several buyers of Bank wire at 1s. 4d., but there were no sellers at that rate. Far Eastern rates are slightly higher following the rise in silver.

We quote :—

T. T. on London ...	1s. 3 31-32d.
Demand Draft ...	1s. 4d.
Credits—3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 5-32d.
Do 6 months' sight ...	1s. 4 1-4d.
Do 2 months' sight—France	169 3-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	138
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	132
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 3-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	178

Government Paper :—
We have to report nothing in this market except that the rates opened at 94-4 for Cash and the Settlement, and closed thereat without any fluctuations either way. We hear of no business having been transacted during the day. The Calcutta quotations were advised in the forenoon as 94-5 and 94 4 sellers, for ready and forward, respectively.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs. 94·4	Quiet but
1st Settlement ...	,, 94·4	Steady.

Bullion—
Silver in London advanced yesterday 1-16d. in ready as well as forward, the rates being 24s. 5-16d. for both. The tone was firm at the close. The rise was caused by the Indian buying. The price in New York rose 1-8 cent at 52s. 7-8d. Our local market opened at 61-15, ex-duty for ready and gradually declined to 61-9 at which there were a few buyers at the close. The rates for July and August settlements, which are proportionately lower are noted below. A large business has again been placed.

Bar gold closes as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	4	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	2	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	6
English Shield Sovereigns ...	15	6	0
English Dragon Sovereigns ...	15	2	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	61	9	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	61	13	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...	61	13	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—
Owing to continued rain here, our market for New Crop is easier, but there is still a slackness in business, the only demand being for early delivery Bengals, of which there are few sellers. Rates close quiet but steady as under.

At Colaba a small business was done in ready cotton chiefly by mills, though exporters were buying Westerns and Broach. Sales were about 3,000 bales.

NEW CROP.

QUOTATIONS :—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	230	Mar. 1910
Good M. G. Broach	252	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti ...	237	Jan. ,,
Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaum	229	
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	221	
Fine M. G. Amraoti	221	
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	208	
Fine M. G. Khandeish	215-16	
Fine M. G. Bengals	208-7	
F. G. H. G. Bengals	191	

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	7,000 bales.
Total Imports	24,000 ,,

Future Delivery Prices :—

June July	July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
5·74 unchgd	5·70 +01	5·63 unchgd	5·65 unchgd

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·63 unchgd	5·62 unchgd	5·62 unchgd	5·63 unchgd	5·62 unchg d

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—
The market is firmer with a better demand.

We quote :—

Ready	Rs.	8	1 0 B. T.
September	,,	8	9 6 B. T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is quiet but steady with only a very moderate enquiry.

We quote :—

Ready Brown Kutni ...	Rs.	7	2 0 B. T.
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	,,	7	12 0
Ready Yellow Cawnpore ...	,,	7	10 0
Brown Delhi, June-July ...	,,	7	13 0 R. T.

Poppyseed :—

June-July	Rs.	10	4 0 R. T.

Tone—Steady.

Castorseed :—

Ready	Rs.	32	0 0
June-July	Rs.	6	8 0 R. T.

Tone,—Steady.

Cottonseed :—

Ready	Rs.	24	0 0

Tone—Quiet but Steady.

Mowrasseed :—

July-August	Rs.	6	1 0 R. T.

Tone—Easier.

WHEAT.—
The market continues firm with more demand.

We quote :—

White Delhi ...	Rs.	6	2 0 R. T.
White Pessi, 85 p. c.	,,	6	8 0
Soft Red	,,	41	8 0

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	1,470
India	76
Indian Specie Bank	55 1-2

Mills :—

Crescent	105
David	425
Kohinoor...	750
Manockji Petit	3,227 1-2
New Great Eastern	200

Presses :—

Indian Cotton	127 1-2
New Berar	495
New Mofussil	735

Miscellaneous :—

Badham Pile & Co	132
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary.	99
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Preference	149
Bombay Steam Nav. Ord. ...	352 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,140
Marcks & Co.	130
Tata Iron and Co	615

Railways :—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	535
Tapti-Valley	427 1-2

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday:—

Cotton	3,562 bales.
Wheat	13,406 cwts.
Linseed	8,998 ,,
Rapeseed	11,225 ,,
Gingellyseed	517 ,,
Poppyseed...	5,203 ,,
Groundnuts	168 ,,
Castorseed	7,528 ,,
Rice	492 ,,
Myrabolians	1,349 ,,
Cottonseed	2,601 ,,
Mowrasseed...	848 ,,
Gram	6,458 ,,
Joowar	53 ,,
Maize	nil

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 10.

The Freight market opened and continued dull. But at the close of the week a fair demand sprung up and about 10,000 tons have been engaged in addition to s.s. "Berbera," chartered for July at 14s. 6d. p. p. Shipments of wheat are proceeding apace and June 1909 promises to break the record.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

Bank D. D. is quoted at 1s. 3 31-32d., Government Paper, at 94·4.

Shares.—Coal—Baraboni is at 14 1-4 ; Bhalgora, at 14 1-8; Equitable (Old Issue), at 45 1-4; Kosoonda and Nyadee, at 38 1-2 ; Raneegunge, at 17 1-4.

Tea—Durrung, at 45 ; East India, at 50.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

DEOLALI.

DEATH.

LYON-MERCADO—June 6, at "Bella Vista," Deolali, Joseph, the dearly beloved eldest son of Surg.-Capt. and Mrs. A. Lyon-Mercado, of heart disease. Deeply regretted. R. I. P. (English, Irish, and Spanish papers please copy).

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PALMER—May 25, at Pachmarhi, to Archdeacon and Mrs. C. J. Palmer, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

ANDREWS—WILMOT—June 5, at the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Sudder Street, Calcutta, by the Rev. J. Stainer Wilkinson, William, eldest son of John Andrews, Irlam, Manchester, to Susie Emmeline, only daughter of H. F. Wilmot, Openshaw House Cadishead, Manchester.

DEATHS.

LANDALE—May 25, at the Pusa Hospital, of small-pox, Alexander X. Landale, son of James Owen Landale, aged 60.

PENNINGTON—June 2, at Quetta, Lieut. Guy Drury Pennington, 14th P. W. O. Sikhs.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 1m.; Sun sets, 7h. 15m.; High water, 4-42m., 5-17a.; Low water, 10-22m.
English Mail Steamer "Salsette" due, 6 a. m.

Maxim : "Fortes fortuna juvat" ["Fortune favours the bold"].—LATIN PROVERB.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, 11th, 8h. 12-6m. a.m.; New Moon, 18th, 4h. 58-3m., a.m.; First Quarter 26th, 6h. 12-8m. a.m.; in Perigee, 12th, 9.8h, p.m.; in Apogee, 25th, 5.2h. p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, June 12.—Sun rises, 6h, 1m.; Sun sets. 7h. 16m.; High water, 6-1m.. 6-22a. ; Low water, 0 3m., 11-51m.

Sunday, June 13.—1st Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 1m.; Sun sets, 7h. 16m.; High water, 7-24m., 7-24a.; Low water, 1-3m., 1-13a.

Monday, June 14.—Bombay High Court re-opens after the Summer Vacation. Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m. Chamber of Commerce, balloting for an elective trustee of the Port, 10-30 to 4 p. m. Sun rises 6h. 1m. Sun sets, 7h. 16m.; High water, 8-34m,, 8-21a.; Low water, 1-54m., 2-20a.

Tuesday, June 15.—Sirdar Carbonic Acid Gas Company Ordinary General Meeting, 6 Hummum Street, 5 p. m.. "Tale of Two Cities." In aid of Indo-British and Adams-Wylie Hospital, Empire Theatre, 9-30 p m.. Sun rises, 6h. 1m.; Sun sets, 7h. 17m.; High water, 9-33m., 9-14a.; Low water, 2-41m., 3-20a.

Wednesday, June 16.—Indian Manufacturing Company, Annual Ordinary General Meeting, 12 Hummum Street, 5 p. m. Bombay Woollen Manufacturing Company, Ordinary General Meeting, 3 Tamarind Lane, 1-30 p.m. Meeting of the Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m. G. I. P. Mechanics' Institute, Parel. The Bothwick Society Entertainers, 9-15 p. m., followed by a dance. Sun rises, 6h. 1m.; Sun sets, 7h. 17m. High water, 10-26m., 10-4a. ; Low water, 4-15a.

Thursday, June 17.—Sun rises, 6h. 1m. ; Sun sets, 7h. 17m. ; High water, 11-15m. : 10-52a.; Low water, 4-12m.; 5-6a.

THE ANJUMAN HIMAYAT TALIM ANGREZI.—Mr. Mahomed Hoosein Hakim, Barrister-at-Law, Judge of the Small Causes Court of Bombay, has accepted the Patronship of the Anjuman.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore, China, and Japan per s.s. "Totomi Maru," will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon to-morrow, Saturday. Parcel mail for Japan closes at the New General Post Office at 11 a. m. the same day.

NEW PROTECTOR OF PILGRIMS.—Mr. Mirza Mahomedally, Protector of Pilgrims, having reverted to his appointment of Inspector of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Mr Mahomed Ibrahim Toongaiker has been appointed Protector of Pilgrims.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held on Sunday next at 5-15 p.m. (S. T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort. Mr. K. E. Punegar, B. A., will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti Chap, IV (Yasna XXXII), verse 4, and at 5-45 he will submit the following subject : "Science and Religion."

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme of music will be played at the Bombay Yacht Club, this evening :—

March.....Wellington	Zesce
Fantasia.....Reminiscences of the Plantations	Chambers
Ballad.....Eileen Alannah	Thomas
Selection.....Dorothy	Collier
Valse .....A mauretan Tunes	Gung'l
Descriptive .....Husarenritt	Spindler
Intermezzo .. Liebstraum	Von Blon
Galop .....La Fanfare	Faust

A QUESTION FOR NATURALISTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Can any of the readers of your valuable journal give me the name of a singing bird with white feathers in the wings and white on the breast, about the size of a bulbul, which sings constantly here. I have seen this bird on Bandra Hill and it sings there too, but not so continuously. Its tone is much like a gold-finch, but it has a better voice, and louder note. Some of the bulbuls in Lonavla have richer notes than the blackbird.—Yours, &c.,

OBSERVER.

Lonavla, June 9th.

BALANCES held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches were on the last day of May 1907, Rs. 14,76,56,000 ; May, 1908, Rs. 18,33,80,000 ; and May, 1909, Rs. 13,08,99,000.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

SELLING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE

Inspector O'Brien charged one Mahomed Heeraji with having in his possession ten grains of cocaine valued at Re. 1-14, and with selling two grains of cocaine without a license. It appeared that, owing to certain information received, a man was sent with a marked coin to the accused's place, to whom the accused sold two grains of cocaine. On the accused being searched, he was found in possession of the coin and ten grains of cocaine. The accused pleaded guilty to both the charges and was sentenced in the aggregate to a fine of Rs. 7. The cocaine was ordered to be confiscated.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Dwarkadas Tejbhahandas, a shroff, charged Atmaram Purshotam, trading in the name of Atmaram Bros, Goldsmiths and Jewellers, with criminal breach of trust. Mr. Frank Oliviera, Pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. York-Smith of Messrs. Little and Co., defended the accused.

It was stated in the information that the complainant wanted to prepare ornaments for his marriage. On the 3rd of May last he gave an order to the accused at his firm. In the presence of three witnesses he gave Rs. 2,000 to the accused to buy gold with, as the accused said he had no money to buy gold. The accused told the complainant to come to his shop the next day to select patterns. The next day the accused told the complainant that he could not buy gold owing to pressure of business, and promised to buy the gold next day. On the 5th of May, the complainant went to the accused's shop but did not find him. He saw a solicitor and several persons present there. He was not allowed to go upstairs. He noticed a board put up stating that Ramji Bhagwan, the mortgagee, was in possession.

Evidence was recorded, and the further hearing was adjourned.

Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate.

CONTRABAND COCAINE.

Inspector J.D. Ghandhi of the Excise Department charged one Hiralal Kikasha, with selling contraband cocaine at Khara Tank Street on the 2nd instant. Mr. Hormazdiar P. Dastur, Pleader, defended the accused. The accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 75, or, in default, to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment, the cocaine was ordered to be confiscated.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

FORT.

Before Messrs. A. F. Fergusson (Chairman), S. E. Warden and B. W. Gamadia.

CART DRIVERS GHARGED.

Their Worships disposed of 13 cases, the majority of which were against bullock-cart drivers for ill-treating animals.

GIRGAON.

Before Messrs. Frank Anderson (Chairman), and K. S. Aiyar.

CAUSING OBSTRUCTION.

Their Worships disposed of 23 cases, many of which were against hawkers for exposing articles for sale so as to cause obstruction in a public street.

MAZAGON.

Before Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy (Chairman), Rao Bahadur Vandeker, and Mr. Amirudin Tyabji.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, some of which were against drunkards and persons of disorderly behaviour.

DADAR.

Before Messrs. H. R. Greaves (Chairman), and B. N. Motiwalla.

ILL-TREATING ANIMALS.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, some of which were against bullock-cart drivers for ill-treating animals.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay held on the 1st June :—

Considered, with reference to Trustees' Resolution, dated 8th December 1908, papers underlying Circular on the following letter from the Municipal Commissioner, dated 14th April :—

"I have the honour to forward for information a copy of Corporation Resolution of 5th instant, regarding the making over by the Municipality to the Improvement Trust of certain plots of land at Lohar Chawl Street."

Letter from the Municipal Secretary to the Municipal Commissioner, of 5th April.

"I have the honour to inform you that at an Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Municipal Corporation, held this day, the following Resolution was passed :—

"That with reference to his letter, dated the 8th March, the Commissioner be informed that the Corporation approve of the plots of land at Lohar Chawl Street, lying between the regular line of the Street as laid down by the Municipality and the line laid down in connection with the Bombay Improvement Trust's Scheme No. II, admeasuring 172 square yards or thereabouts and shown between the green and red lines on the plan received with the letter, being made over free of charge to the Bombay Improvement Trust, in consideration of the Trust widening the Street on the north by adding thereto ground admeasuring 3,231 square yards."

Resolution.—The Commissioner's letter should be recorded. The Board's Solicitors should be requested to draw up a deed of conveyance, if necessary.

Considered, with reference to Trustees' Resolution, dated 25th May, the following notice of motion by Mr. G. W. Hatch:—

"In the opinion of the Board it is desirable that there should be some uniformity in the architecture of the buildings to be erected on the prominent portions of the Board's new thoroughfares.

The Chairman should be requested to consult the Architects' Association and report to the Board how the result desired can best be obtained."

The Chairman having proposed the adoption of the motion Mr. Wachs was the only dissentient.

Resolution.—The motion is adopted.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 28th May 1909.	Total from 1st April to 28th May 1909.	For week ending 28th May 1908.	Total from 1st April to 28th May 1908.
Vessels piloted into Harbour.	22	200	24	203
Vessels piloted out of Harbour.	27	205	22	187
Vessels transported	13	142	25	120
Vessels attended to	...	9	3	23
Vessels warped	...	5	...	4

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

The depression in North-East India, which has its centre, now near to Purnea, has given moderate to heavy rain in its neighbourhood. Rainfall has been nearly general in Northern Burma and on the West Coast of the Peninsula. In the United Provinces and Central Provinces the rainfall has been local and not very heavy. Bogra and Darbhanga had seven inches of rain ; Dhubri, six ; Mymensingh, Purnea and Gaya, five ; Berhampore, four ; Dinajpur, Shillong and Darjeeling, three ; Jalpaiguri and Jessore, two ; Ratnagiri, five ; Goa, four ; and Karwar, two.

Skies are clear in the North-West, elsewhere moderate to heavy clouds persist. In the United Provinces the temperature has risen and the air has become somewhat drier, but in Bengal the temperature has fallen and is now much below normal.

Forecast.—General rain is probable in North-East India, with heavy falls in the Northern districts. Nearly general rain is likely to continue in Burma and on the West Coast of the Peninsula. A few falls are possible in the Central parts of the country.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JUNE 10.

Rain still continues in Mussoorie where there is every indication of monsoon. Rain, all day, comes from the direction of the plains.

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

It is still raining heavily at Darjeeling with no sign of change. Over 14 inches was registered at Kurseong.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1907.	Corpdg Total 1908.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill...	1·55	5 78	0·00	0·00

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The steamer "Barotse," Captain C. Smith, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Natal, reports having experienced strong monsoon to 15° N. and 68° E.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer "Australien," Captain Requier, which arrived in harbour on Thursday from Sydney via Colombo, met with South-West monsoon in the Indian Ocean.

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st Nov. to date.
Bushire (9th)	87·1	83·1	...	...
Jask (9th)	97·8	84·3	...	...
Muskat (9th)	107·8	89·1	...	...
Multan	112·3	84·0	...	...
Rawalpindi	109·9	83·4	...	...
Lahore	112·4	86·2	...	0·31
Sirsa	111·8	87·6	...	...
Ambala	104·0	80·5	...	0·84
Delhi	103·2	85·2	...	...
Agra	106·5	87·0	...	...
Mainpuri	98·3	80·0	0·29	1·31
Jhansi	101·0	83·0	0·24	0.62
Cawnpore	93·7	78·5	...	1·51
Allahabad	90·1	78·5	...	5·76
Jacobabad	114·6	84·8	...	...
Karachi	91·5	83·0	...	...
Ajmer	101·8	84·7	...	...
Jaipur	106·2	77·6	0·24	0·50
Kotah	103·5	82·1	0·28	1·33
Bhuj	98·1	80·5	...	...
Dwarka	89·8	83·7	...	...
Veraval	...	...	...	...
Rajkot	100·9	79·7	...	0·01
Jamnagar Para	98·1	79·5	0·03	1·95
Surat	96·1	80·6	0·02	0·02
Ahmedabad	101·1	81·7	...	0·19
Deesa	103·3	81·4	...	...
Neemuch	96·0	78·3	...	0·02
Indore	96·1	78·1	...	1·71
Jubbulpore	95·0	76·3	0·50	0·65
Saugor	93·6	81·5	...	0·19
Hoshangabad	101·6	79 9	0·06	0·09
Khandwa	102·2	81·1	...	0·05
Akola	102·2	80·1	0·04	0·56
Amraoti	100 8	80·3	...	...
Nagpur	104·1	84·3	...	0·62
Chanda	100·5	83·3	...	1·15
Raipur	100·6	81·6	0·03	1·97
Bombay	87·1	78·4	1·63	9·66
Ratnagiri	85·3	75·4	5·09	14·70
Mormugao	82·5	74·7	2·46	8·38
Karwar	84·3	75·0	1·91	17·69
Malegaon	87·9	76·1	...	1·03
Ahamednagar	91·9	72·5	0·06	0·38
Poona	91·0	72·8	0·03	1·28
Sholapur	91·3	73·4	0·04	7 56
Bijapur	87·2	71·2	...	4·07
Belgaum	74·8	66·6	0·45	3·74
Aurangabad	93·2	71·2	0·34	0·42
Nizamabad (Indur)	...	...	...	...
Hyderabad	92·3	74·7	0·05	3·15
Mangalore	86·7	74·9	6·51	17 79
Calicut	85·8	75·6	0·27	16·77
Cochin	87·2	77·3	0·36	12·70
Colombo	87·0	79·0	...	1·24
Masulipatam	100 8	75·2	...	1·50
Bellary	90 0	77·3	...	0·02
Cuddapah	100·2	78·6	0·05	1·98
Madras	103 0	82·5	0·03	0·12
Bangalore	85·8	66 3	...	0·27
Coimbatore	89·4	73 8	...	0·99
Trichinopoly	98·6	80·3	...	...
Negapatam	102 9	82·0	...	0·12

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 320 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 10th June was 28·666 feet. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 7 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 10 feet at 9 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30,000 inches and that of attached thermometer 30° F. will be 14 inches and this will be higher and lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above it zero of gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 10TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 10th June, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is in excess at Multan and normal elsewhere. Temperature has risen; the maximum is now higher than usual in the extreme north and the minimum is in excess at Rawalpindi, Lahore and Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Local rain has fallen; Mainpuri has had 0·29 inch and Jhansi 0·24 inch. Skies are clear in the extreme north-west but lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air has decreased and his now equal to the average at Agra and in slight to moderate excess at the other stations. Temperature has risen but is still low except at Agra, especially during the day.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jaipur records 0·24 inch of rain and Kotah 0·28 inch. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal except at Kotah, where both the maximum and minimum continue in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies continue moderately clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture and temperature is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Jubbulpore records 0·50 inch of rain. Cloud has decreased and is now only light to moderate. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal except in the eastern and north-eastern districts, where the maximum continues in defect.

The Konkan.—General rain has fall

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's. Steamer Australien, 3,543 tons, Captain F. Riquier, arrived in harbour on Thursday, morning from Sydney, with a general cargo and passengers. She sailed in the evening for Marseilles with a general cargo and passengers.

The Anchor Line Steamer Massilia, 3,250 tons, Captain J. Thomson, sailed on Thursday, for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The Steamer Hild, 719 tons, Captain G. Jensen, will sail to-day for Tuticorin with ballast.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr F. Dobson.....R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge Lt Comdr A S Balfour.....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook Comdr A.J. Marsack....R I Marine
R I M S Investigator....Lieut Thyne in charge....Survey St
R I M S Palinurus....Lieut Thyne in charge. ..Survey St
R I M S Dalhousie.....Comdr C Stocken.....R I Marine

Foreign Navy.

Elba.....Capt Cacace ....Italian Man-of-War

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 10.

Baretse.....2619.....Smith.....W & A Graham & Co
Clan Robertson ...3104 Ody Calcutta...9-6 F Muir & Co
Cressington Court ....2716Gleghorn .....Cory Bros
Cuanch.....2391 Scott .....W & A Graham & Co
Dunstor.....3016 Rutter .....The Captain
Gowanbarn.....2723 Forbes.....K Nixon & Co
Ipswich.....575 Pigot ...Rangoon...B & P S N Co
Kattenturn ...3313 Moulins .....W & Graham & Co
Kola.....510 Cole.....M M & Co
Moshtari.....1110 Green.....Bo & P S N Co
Nurani.....2870 Lilligan ...Calcutta...T Morrison & Co
Netravati....699 Cassum ...Karachi....11-6Bo S N Co Ld
Penlee. .....2451 Michell .....T Morrison & Co
Redbridge.....2443 Vasaey .....W & A Graham & Co
Shah Jehan.....2566 Webb .....B & P S N Co
Seis.....1445 .....Bo & H S N Co
Strathairlty.....2783 McMahon ...W & A Graham & Co
Strathenarick .....2943 Stewart.....T Morrison & Co
Seladon.....2461.....Bazil .....The Captain
Sealda.....3138 Brown.....N F.....M M & Co
Seberian.....2023 Rambush .....Volkart Bros
Vancover ...2860 McDougall .....Baltimore...R A Willis
Zinnia .....2389 Clarke.....Andrew Yule & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 10.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
F Umballa	3426	Ralt	Antwerp	19-6	M M & Co
H Majidi	1857	Primrose	Jeddah	12-6	B & P S N Co
K Badrie	1613	Collinson	Karachi	14-6	G Jeewajee
M Courland	760	Simsoodin	Marmgoa	12-6	Bo S N Co Ld
P Tokio	2491	TaruHall via K'chi		12-6	F Muir & Co
Chupra	3954	Henderson	Antwerp	14-6	M M & Co
Naderi	1168	Grey	Basreh	14-6	B & P S N Co
Governeur	2120	Burmeister	Zanzibar	11-6	A Strandes

VICTORIA DOCK

1	Olympia	3269	Tait	Liverpool	22-6
3	R Rubattino	2681	Mancini	Genoa	W & A Graham & Co
4	Capri	2718	Francisco	Hongkong	17-6
6	Elbing	3108	Leibforth	Hamburg	Florio and R S N Co
7	Jumna	2692	Gibson	Calcutta	12-6
8	Totoni Maru	2464	Smith.	Kobe	Volkart Bros
9	Kattenturn	3313	Masilens	Hamburg	12-6 K Nixon & Co
12 & 13	Persia	4198	Houghton	London	13-6
15	Balimba	1609	Butler	Busreh	W & A Graham & Co

P & O Co
14-6 M M & Co

M W D.

Delta	4780	Snow	Shanghai	23-6	P & O Co

H W P D.

Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	B Nager	12-6	Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri	553	Mahomed			N F N F Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVAL.

June	Vessel.	Commander.	From
10	Australien s	Riquier	Sydney, May 17

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
10	Bezwada s	Brocq	Rangoon, &c
	Dumra s	Manley	Busreh, &c
	Australien s.	Requier	Marseilles

The Steamer Hild, Jensen, for Tuticorin obtained her portclearance yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's Steamer Silasia, from Trieste, left Aden on the 9th instant and is due here on the 16th instant morning.

The P. & O. Co's. Steamer Himalaya, with the outward Mails of the 4th instant passed Suez at 5-30 a.m. on Thursday the 10th June 1909.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	From
26	Border Knight	Calcutta
June 1	Braziliana	Calcutta
6	Dilwara	London
7	Clan Macneil	Liverpool
7	Perlak	Sumatra
7	Teesta	Straits
1	Pentakoia	Negapatam
8	Clan Macdonald	Coast

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—43 bales cotton, C Runchordas; 200 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co; 100 bales hemp J N Kapadia and Co; 230 bales wool, B Hurbham; 53 bales wool, G Goomanmall; 137 bales wool, M. Balla; 14 bales wool, C Balkisondas; 7,060 tons oilcake, The New Mofussil Co.

FOR HULL.

Tokio s—160 bales hemp, 510 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Gomersey.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Elbing s—4,800 cwts linseed. Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—100 bales cotton-waste, N Damjee; 59 bales cotton, J S Kapadia; 1,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts wheat, K Nixon and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Umballa s—550 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 3,992 cwts rapeseed, J Fachiri: 12,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co: 12,000 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, K Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kattenturn s—2 pots rosa oil, N Futehally and Co; 180 cwts gum, M Jeffarbhoy; 330 bales cotton-ey, H E Bode and Sons.

Elbing s—4,000 cwts rapeseed and 2,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—989 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,000 cwts bone, A Manjee.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—350 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Olympia s—25 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—1,500 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 200 bales twist, The M B Kaisha; 375 cwts onions, E E Dadachanji; 525 cwts shankfins, A Allarakhia and Co.

Delta s—99 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

Capri s—1,000 bales twist, G Bhawanidas.

FOR KOBE.

Capri s—500 bales cotton, Bhimji Shamji and Co; 1,945 bales cotton, E D Master and Co; 1,000 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Capri s—560 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co; 300 bales cotton, E D Master and Co.

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Cool and Comfort
use only
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FANS.

EXAMINE AND TRY
OUR
SPLENDID STOCK.

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ROLLED STEEL BEAMS
OF BRITISH AND CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.
All sections from 4in. by 1¾in. up to 20in. by 7¼in. any length up to 36 feet.
WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK IN WESTERN INDIA
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DOMESTIC ECONOMY is reduced to a fine art by the
DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM
MARCKS & CO.'S PIANOS
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HORIZONTAL GRAND AND UPRIGHT GRAND
PIANOS
at London Cash Prices in India.
QUALITY, TONE, TOUCH,
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The Sovereign Remedy of the present time is
AQUILA TONIC.
Rebuilds health, broken down through physical exertion, or mental over-work, or through other excesses.
Supplies the wanting salts, and infuses vitality into the Cebro-spinal, and Sympathetic systems. It is a marvellous Brain-Food. Per Bot. Rs. 3-8.
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ROLLED STEEL BEAMS
BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.
5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES
KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.
Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.
GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED.
HUGHES TOWN ROAD.
(Near the Station).
SECUNDERABAD.
THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.
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The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1909.

LORD ROBERTS AND COMPULSORY SERVICE.

Unperturbed by half-hearted support or strenuous opposition, Lord Roberts pursues his advocacy of compulsory military service as the only means of avoiding national decadence. At the Press Conference on Wednesday, he is reported to have brought forward, or supported, a resolution, calling upon the Press of the Empire strenuously to advocate compulsory military training. The motion was subsequently withdrawn, owing to the opposition it looked, but Lord Roberts scored a point in gaining fresh publicity for the scheme to which he is wedded, and, probably, made one or two converts. The other day, on his behalf, Lord Newton introduced a Bill into the House of Lords to render service in the Territorial Force compulsory, of which the second reading is fixed for this week, and if he could but get military training made obligatory, our late Commander-in-Chief would not regard his labour as having been in vain. But there are many who would go even further than Lord Roberts, many who would be satisfied with nothing short of conscription, as it is understood on the Continent. Service papers and lay magazines abound in articles advocating universal service, and, in one of the latest, a medical man unhesitatingly affirms that universal military training is the one measure which can be extensively applied with immediate and continuous benefit to the health of the people. Even with the most democratic treatment of the land question the amount of arable land is limited; and agriculture can only give work to a relatively small proportion of the people, besides the growth of population can only be provided for by the employment in trades and manufactures, thus intensifyiug the conditions which tend to racial deterioration. That is his line of argument, and if universal military service be coupled with the physical education of youths after they leave school, raising that age to fifteen or sixteen years, little or no hardship or disturbance of industrial pursuits would follow. The organisation which is required to carry out this proposal already exists in the Territorial Army, for it may be extended or modified to meet the requirements of universal military service.

Arguments of the kind go to illustrate the advisability of making service with the auxiliary forces compulsory. And little reasonable objection can be offered to so mild a scheme, which is merely that every Englishman shall be able to defend his home. To attempt to introduce compulsory service in the regular army is quite another matter. As a recent writer in "National Defence" observed, "to the average Englishman the very word Conscription conjures up a vision of one of the few scraps of history which he learnt in early childhood, and which by its lurid colours made an impression, calculated to survive the dreary waste of years spent in so-called education." The name alone is enough to damn the system in the eyes of Englishmen, whose freedom has of itself become almost a national menace. Of course the primary object is preparation for war by a satisfactory system of enlistment, and secondarily a scheme for the general improvement of the physique of British youth. The former is underatood by the people, the latter is discredited. It is urged by the supporters of conscription that having regard to the critical nature of European and other external politics—"the ominous hush" of which we heard the other day—that it would be in the highest degree hazardous to sacrifice military interest, for at least a generation, in order to improve the breed of British islanders; so also the practice of deferring any well-defined military policy in case of war until the war has begun disastrously, and by its very events forced decisive action on the British Government, greatly increased the difficulty of finding a permanent type of military organisation. In such case if voluntary enlistment proved insufficient, it would be necessary to raise troops by conscription. Still conscription can only exist by national consent and such consent is unlikely to be obtained until the necessity for it is thoroughly and widely understood and as generally conceded. Had the Press Conference been as widely representative of Greater Britain as of Little Britain, it is probable that the motion supported by Lord Roberts would have met a different fate. And had the Press resolved upon the advocacy of some modified form of compulsory service, the effect would have been greater than that produced by the sensational, but wholesome, melodrama, "An Englishman's Home."

Such agitation has been averted, for the time at least. Meanwhile there can be no possible objection to the training of youth to the use of arms and to discipline. Much may be effected in the schools where physical training is now regarded as essential. There is some innate martial instinct in every youth and that instinct will develop by tactful treatment. If play-time is to be solely given up to military training the martial instinct will never be developed. The ordinary outdoor games have disciplinary value, but they are generally less irksome than drill. Yet drill can be made fascinating—if the process be entrusted to men who have served their country and who, instead of attending a school clothed in shabby mufti, pay some regard to the theatrical side of their subject, by appearing in uniform and wearing their medals on their breasts. There is a direct appeal to the imagination, as well as to the slumbering martial instinct of the youth, in a red coat, and an intelligent drill sergeant, who looks the part and takes the trouble to relate his experiences—permissibly to the extent of drawing the long bow—to his youthful rank and file, may produce a battalion of keen soldiers where a dull methodical instructor may render drill-time insufferably painful. Good results cannot be obtained from either boys or men whose heart is not in their work, and it never will, if drill be allowed to become monotonous. If conscription is inevitable in the years to come, it will be accepted the more readily and cheerfully, if the rising generation has been led to take an interest in military duties and to appreciate the necessity of maintaining intact the greatest Empire the world has ever known. The aim and object of the country, it is urged, should be to spread the genuine conviction among the people that to serve in the army is both a privilege and an advantage; the army will be useful in peace as an educating medium of the highest class and formidable in war as an engine of defence and offence in direct proportion as this belief gains ground. To effect this must necessarily be a gradual process. The country is not ready for conscription and the War Office itself could not provide for the training of a conscript army for at least a generation. But there is no reason why the country should not gradually be educated as to the necessities of the case, every opportunity being taken in the interval of strengthening and raising the standard of the forces we already possess, by such means as are practicable.

Italy and the Triple Alliance.

The recent determination of Italy to add to her naval power, has attracted much attention and has been generally attributed to the incitement of Germany, and as strengthening the Triple Alliance, of which Italy is a member. Germany is bent on increasing her naval strength by leaps and bounds, and has succeeded in persuading her ally to do the same and thus be of assistance to her in her future designs. But a different complexion altogether is put on the affair by a weighty article in the *Contemporary Review*, evidently written by an Italian, who is closely acquainted with the policy of his country. We venture, says the article, "on a prophesy of easy and early fulfilment that, after these latest experiences, Italy will follow the inevitable destiny of the great nations by continually increasing her military and naval power. The whole nation desires and has given those who are at the head of the Government clearly to understand, that from the moment the period of the Triple Alliance expires, she must be in a position to renew the compact if she so pleases, entirely free in her choice, and above all so strong that she need fear no pressure and may even defend her choice by force of arms." The Triple Alliance was renewed for ten years on June 28, 1902; hence it has just two years left to run, and preparations must shortly be made to renew the Alliance between the three Powers. It is very probable that Italy has increased her naval power just now in order to be in a stronger position in the coming negotiations for the prolongation of the Triplice. German naval strength has increased enormously during the last eight years and Austria has also determined recently to add to hers; therefore it is reasonable to suppose that Italy has decided to add to her naval power in order to keep pace with her allies. It is well known that Italy did not count for much in past years in the Triplice, and Germany and Austria had very favourable terms and reaped the most benefit from the Alliance. Italian politicians are determined that this should not any longer be the case. A recent debate in the Italian Senate showed this very clearly, when speakers of every party, while professing themselves not averse to the Alliance, "demanded that any eventual renewal of the Treaty should be so arranged that Italy should be assured of all the advantages to which she considers she has a right, and that it be established in the clearest manner that Italy's importance in the heart of the Triplice should be nothing inferior to that of the other two allies."

Italy, it is no secret, is profoundly dissatisfied with Austria over the way in which she reopened and finally settled the Balkan question. She was averse to the suzerainty of Austria being acknowledged over Bosnia and Herzegovina, and it was only the emphatic attitude of Germany that made her withdraw very reluctantly her protest against Austrian pretensions. Against Austria she has also the long-standing grudge for retaining several Italian provinces, like Istria, Goritz, Dalmatia, under her rule, and what are known as Irredentist manifestations against Austria are not quite unknown in Italy even now. She rather expected that Austria would give up her Italian provinces in return for the acknowledgment of her suzerainty over the two Balkan countries. There is in short no love lost between the two Powers, and it is only Germany who has, for her own purposes, brought these opposing countries into common friendship with herself and with each other. Will she succeed for long in retaining the friendship and alliance of Italy is a question which cannot be answered off-hand. It is almost certain that she will have to pay a much higher price to Italy for the latter's continuance in the Triple Alliance than she did ten years ago. She might even have to undertake to persuade Austria to part with her Italian territories to Italy in order to retain the latter as their ally. The Triple Alliance is very necessary to Germany in order to counterbalance the Triple Entente between England, France and Russia, and she just now strains every nerve to show Europe that the former is still strong and active. But two years hence, if the alliance is to be in existence at all Germany must make substantial concessions to Italy, which the latter seems determined to extort, and is increasing her naval strength to make sure of. "The moment the period of the Triple Alliance came to an end, Italy as all the world recognises, would be the arbiter of European peace. Here is a subject of anxiety which must have caused in Germany and Austria various regrets as to the role which the two older Powers of the Triple Alliance have played on several occasions at the expense of the junior." Italy is tired of playing the junior in the trio and is strengthening her naval and military power to enable her to play a higher part in the ensuing negociations for renewing the Triplice two years hence.

Mrs. Asquith's Dresses.

It would seem, to judge by English papers, that more forces are at work than ordinary trade chagrin to bring a hornets' nest round the head of Mrs. Asquith. This lady, it will be remembered, was popularly supposed to have been the origin of the character which gives the title to Mr. Benson's book "Dodo." It was equally popularly reported that she took a somewhat startling revenge for placing her on paper. But the reception of a number of private friends to inspect certain models of dresses, specially imported from France, can hardly be considered as "Dodoesque" as some papers wish it to appear. The first protest was made by the Bradford Chamber of Commerce, a body which must be well aware that every ladies' shop of any standing in London sends to Paris for its models and that the year's fashions are largely moulded on those specimens which are imported. Mrs. Asquith might possibly have seen exactly the same models at half a dozen shops, bearing either English or French names, but she preferred to choose for herself in the first instance rather than choose from the result of some one else's choice. Had she invited her friends to stay with her in Paris for the purpose, not one word could have been uttered, and it savours somewhat of impertinence that there should be an attempt to dictate to her what she shall do in her own house. One can almost imagine as the next step that English musicians and singers will raise a protest because foreign artistes have been engaged to amuse guests at an official residence. The most unfortunate part of the whole affair is the determination of the hecklers to drag in the position of the Prime Minister. Presumably, that gentleman is concerned in his wife's dresses exactly to the same extent as an ordinary individual, that he appreciates them and their effect and that they do not cost more than he can afford. The idea, however, of making the Prime Minister responsible for the choice of his wife's dressmaker for political reasons is preposterous and the recent pressure of it can only be regarded as an impertinence.

Deportees.

The Bill introduced into the House of Commons by Mr. Mackarness is a private measure, which will probably have no support beyond that offered by the so-called "Friends of India," who know little, if anything, of us and our needs. The Regulation, under which the Government of India may depert any person whose exclusion is considered necessary for the security of the British dominions in India from internal commotion, is certainly a little antiquated, but no adequate reason has yet been shown for repealing or amending it. Until the Government of India has sent in representations as to the desirability of re-drawing or modifying the Regulation, we need not expect to find His Majesty's Government support any such effort as that put forward by Mr. Mackarness. There is no reason, of course why the specific character of the offence for which a man is deported should not be stated on the warrant, though the Regulation itself is sufficiently explicit. But to provide that the Viceroy shall be required to revise and consider the case every three months, would merely be to make compulsory what the Governor General in Council now does voluntarily. We doubt if we overstate the fact when we say His Excellency revises and reconsiders such cases every day, not merely once in three months. To amend the law in this respect would be to the disadvantage of the deportee whose case having been reconsidered on June 10th, could not be again taken into consideration until September 10th and the opportunities for an exercise of clemency on the King's official birthday, for example, would be sacrificed.

The Council of the United Service Institution of India have selected the following as the subject for the gold medal essay in 1910; "Is the system of the organisation of the executive on the lines of communication as described in Volume. 2, Field Service Regulations (Home,) adaptable to India?"

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

THE TREND OF THE MARKETS.

An Insurance Surprise.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, May 21.

So long as the eager reception of new issues of high class continues, there can be little doubt as to the tendency of investment markets. It may be that there are indications which cause the prophets of the money market to doubt the continuance of the very cheap money conditions which some anticipated, and to suggest that possibly there may be some hardening in rates earlier than was expected. But the fact remains that the succession of successes of these new issues, of which the Gold Coast loan was a conspicuous example yesterday, shows clearly that there is much capital awaiting investment, and that the tendency of the investment markets must in consequence be in a favourable direction. No doubt, apart from the normal business of the markets, the big lenders and investors prefer to await their chances of cheap new issues. So that the gilt-edged markets on the Stock Exchange do not obtain their full share of support. But everything is moving in the right way: there is more general investment business, and, given peace in the political world, there can be no doubt as to the trend of prices during the next year or two.

THE CITY AND THE BUDGET.

When the strong protest of the great bankers and financiers of the City against the general financial policy of the Budget, and that entirely irrespective of politics, is deliberately flouted, it is too much to expect that the Government would take any particular trouble to secure that a mere section of the nation's financial business should be considered. So the stamp duties are to be imposed. Even Mr. B. S. Straus, dealing with a subject which he probably understands—the effect of the new stamp duties on City financial contracts—is keenly appreciative of the possibility of London as a financial centre being injured by these proposals. It is unfortunate that these extra stamp duties are imposed just when trade is reviving in the world's great financial centre. It must not be forgotten that, although London remains the financial centre of the world, its position is not so readily accepted as permanent, and at times there has been talk of New York and other centres making great inroads upon our privileges. Such talk was premature and ill-founded. But the tendency of these increased, dues is to make the possibility greater, and there is less confidence in our ability to sustain our position as the great issuing centre of the world, when increased burdens are being imposed. The policy of these experimenters seems to be not so much freedom of trade as the handicapping of their own in favour of the rest of the world.

ZINC CORPORATION.

Interest in Zinc Corporation shares has died down very much since the time, only two years ago, by the way, when they were the sensation of the Mining markets. The dramatic advance in the price and the equally dramatic fall from 50s. to 1s., as process after process failed, and lastly the onerous Preference issue, all will be recalled. The report is now to hand for the ten months ended December 31 last, and shows that the company is evidently making progress. The first two months of the period were employed in construction, and the following three months in experimental running and adjustment of plant, so that the balance of profit of £25,504 is quite satisfactory. Moreover, according to the report, since January the monthly profits have been improving, that for last month being as much as £6,190. It is proposed to write down the Ordinary capital by 4s. per share in order to bring the capital account more into accord with the actual value of the assets. The directors cannot pay dividends until the reduction is made, although they have ample funds. The meeting in London will be held on May 26, and will be followed by meetings in Melbourne to carry into effect the resolutions of the meeting held in London, after which application will have to be made to the Court. The rights of the Reference and Ordinary shares as to voting power and participation in dividends of distribution of assets will not be affected by the capital reduction scheme.

BAKU PETROLEUM SCHEME.

The directors of the Baku Russian Petroleum Company (Limited) at last put forward a reconstruction scheme, after prolonged negotiations with representatives of the debenture-holders and share-holders. In effect, it carries out the recommendations of the joint committee of an all-round assessment of 5s. a share. The negotiations and arrangements must have been of great difficulty, and it remains to be seen whether the scheme will be approved by the shareholders. The meetings to consider the scheme will be held on Monday next, May 24. Briefly, the scheme provides for every Preference holder receiving one 10s. Ordinary share for every existing Preference share, credited 5s. paid, and leaving him liable for 5s. a share. In addition, he will receive one 10s. fully-paid profit-sharing certificate for each share held. The Ordinary shareholder will also receive one 10s. Ordinary share per share, also with a 5s. liability. He will receive only a 5s. profit-sharing certificate. Holders of the new Ordinary shares are to take two-thirds of the net profits available for distribution. The profit-sharing certificates take the other third.

THE NEW CAPITAL.

The authorised share capital of the new company will be £750,000, and there will be £150,000 of 5 1-2 per cent. debentures. Of these totals 1,400,000 shares of 10s. each will be issued under the scheme, and £125,000 of debentures. It is proposed to underwrite 1,200,000 shares of the new company at 4d. per share. There will be left unissued 200,000 shares of 10s. each (credited 5s. paid), 100,000 shares of 10s. each, and £25,000 of debentures. The scheme will provide for the £660,000 of liabilities, including the £125,000 debentures, and place the company in possession of working capital of £50,000. The company will still be owing £25,000 of the Government loan. It will have also stores and materials valued at £45,000 in hand. The fixed charges under the new scheme will be £6,875 next year, and thereafter £10,000 per annum, allowing for both interest and redemption. The directors strongly urge support for the scheme. They say that the inherent value of the properties is unquestioned, that great and permanent economies are effected, and that with the fresh resources there seems every prospect of a successful future.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

The recent action of the Board of Trade in requiring from the newly established Welsh Insurance Corporation, Limited, a deposit of £20,000 on account of powers taken to transact personal accident insurance in addition to the deposit of £20,000 which had previously been paid on account of powers taken to transact workmen's compensation business has excited considerable interest among insurance men. The second demand on the part of the Government is based on the contention that compensation paid on account of a personal accident policy as the result of a fatal accident is assurance upon human life within the meaning of the Life Assurance Companies Act of 1870. The promoters of the Welsh Insurance Corporation, which appears to be strongly supported were in a position to make the second deposit, and promply did so, but the attitude of the Government in the matter is somewhat of a surprise, as many companies have been established within recent years for the purpose of transacting personal accident business "inter alia," and up to the present time none of these companies has been required to make a similar deposit. It is curious to note that a similar attitude was assumed by the Board of Trade some fifteen years ago in relation to a company which has since passed out of existence. As a result of the action of the Government on that occasion an inquiry was addressed to the President of the Board of Trade by another accident company asking for an assurance that no penalty would be imposed in respect of such accident companies as had been established since 1870 and had made no deposit in compliance with the Life Assurance Companies Act. The reply was to the effect that no penalties would be enforced except by arrangement with some company for the purpose of providing a test case. Since that time no test case has arisen, but many new companies have been established for the purpose of transacting personal accident business, and none of these has made the deposit which is now required from the Welsh Insurance Corporation. The position assumed by the Board of Trade will have a good effect in preventing the establishment of a accident companies without ample resources, but it seems as if some hardship had been imposed on the Welsh Insurance Corporation in being called upon to make an additional deposit of so substantial a nature without preliminary notice.

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR COTTON.

At a very early stage the American Committee of Manufacturers appointed last year to deal with the formidable subject of standard specifications for staple grey cotton goods began to reject the impracticable. They confined themselves to considering the limits of allowable deviation from any given standard and soon found that there were variations with which they could not hope profitably to deal. In their report they avoid all reference to the quality of cotton and of yarn, cloth-strengths, piece lengths, and defects in processes. Nothing remains but width, weight, and counts per inch and it does not seem that the final recommendations will be universally approved by those who require a rigid accuracy of statement. It is laid down that the width of cloth shall nowhere be more than of an inch below or ¼ of an inch above the nominal, and that at least in some places the width shall be equal to or greater than the measure required. The Committee considered the question of expressing the variation of width in percentage, and it is not by accident that the margin of allowable error is the same for the widest as for the narrowest goods. The margin of error to be permitted in weight is 4 per cent. on either sides in any one piece and 2 per cent. in the average of a bale. The weighing, in case of dispute, is to take place after the goods have been exposed for twenty-four hours to a temperature of 720 degrees Fahr., with 70 per cent. of humidity. This method is less trustworthy than the plan of drying the goods and allowing for a conventional regain of moisture, and it has not even the merit of facility. The recommendations as to reed and pick are weak also. It is provided that except within four inches of the selvedge the number of warp threads shall not vary anywhere by more than one thread per inch below the stipulated count or by more than two threads above it. The weft threads are not to vary by more than three threads per inch below or four above. Both as to warp and weft it is declared that the variation shall not run throughout the piece, which must "in some places" be equal to sample. Without any indication as to the means to be employed in counting or the number of tests to be made, these recommendations are thoroughly unscientific. They are open to too many objections ever to gain general respect; buyers have had no voice in framing them, and, short as the recommendations are, they lack the shrewd directness of the reforms proposed by the same Committee for the improvement of sale contracts. In buying and selling the commonest causes of trouble and litigation are failure to express clearly the meaning of the agreement and failure to understand the law relating to the sale of goods. The model sale-note recommended by the Committee bears on its face a statement of the common law and an injunction to be explicit, and no lawyer could give better advice than this.

A RUSSIAN FLAX SYNDICATE.

It is reported from Russia that a syndicate has just been formed which will control practically the whole of the Russian flax production. The Russian flax business has hitherto been conducted on rather crude lines, and it is stated that the trade is to be thoroughly overhauled and systematised. Special warehouses have been secured at the Windau Docks, rates fixed with the Moscow-Windau Railway Company, and financial arrangements made with the banks credit to the extent of four million roubles having it is said been granted. Special attention is to be paid to sorting the flax into grades, a matter which has hitherto been entirely neglected in Russia, and a staff of experts has been engaged to supervise this and also to see that the baling is properly carried out. If the whole of the proposed reforms are put into actual practice the Russian flax industry will undoubtedly benefit very materially. As the American output is being considerably reduced the present is probably an opportune time for the formation of a strong Russian syndicate.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. C. H. A. Hill, C.I.E., I.C.S., Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-eight days from the 3rd July.

Major J. W. B. Merewether, Political Agent, Third Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for thirteen months, with effect from the 14th July or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. D. A. Thomson, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 3rd July or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

The Reverend Edward Eustace Hill is confirmed as Junior Chaplain on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment with effect from the 11th May.

Major K. V. Kukday, I. M. S., is granted privilege leave of absence for three months from the date of relief.

Bombay Light Horse:—Duncan William Wilson to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy, dated 1st April.

2nd Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps:—Fulwer William Craven Fewis to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy, dated 1st April.

Poona Volunteer Rifles:—Lieutenant Edward Stanley Deane (Supernumerary List), resigns his Commission, dated 5th May; and Lieutenant Dermot Nicolas Joseph Clabby to be Captain vice P. L. Bowers, resigned, dated 6th March.

Captain A. W. Tuke, F.R.C.S.I., I.M.S., to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner for the Western Registration District vice Majoribanks, M.B., D.P.H., I.M.S., proceeded on leave, pending further orders.

THE PRESS CONFERENCE.

WARM GREETING FOR LORD ROBERTS.

Failure of Voluntary Defence.

APPEAL FOR UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 9.

Lord Roberts, speaking at the Press Conference, received a warm ovation. He said in his speech, that the situation demanded the closest attention and that nothing but forethought and preparation could give the naval and military strength which was the greatest guarantee of peace.

The voluntary system had failed entirely, he said, and he strongly supported a resolution, which was eventually withdrawn owing to the opposition it evoked after a lively discussion, calling on the Press of the Empire strenuously to advocate universal military training.

BRITAIN'S NAVAL SUPREMACY.

Mission of Peace.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

Mr. Mckenna, speaking in London, insisted on Britain's exclusive historic right and duty of policing the sea to maintain the highway of trade permanently open. The mission must be one of peace. The utmost the navy could do would be to injure the commerce of another nation, but that would mean to injure our own commerce.

THE TSAR'S TOUR.

Visit to Italy Arranged

LONDON, JUNE 10.

It is announced from St. Petersburg that the Tsar will visit King Emmanuel in Italy at the conclusion of the meetings with the Kaiser, King Gustaf, President Fallieres and King Edward, but the date of the visit has not yet been fixed.

EARTHQUAKE IN THE DUTCH EAST INDIES.

Hundreds Killed.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

An earthquake and tidal wave occurred at Upper Padang on the 3rd instant. Two hundred and thirty people were killed and many injured.

INDIAN DEPORTATION.

New Bill Introduced.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Mackarness introduced a Bill providing, that in case of deportation, the warrant shall state the character of the crime of which the person is suspected and requiring the Viceroy to revise and consider the case every three months.

FOURTH "DREADNOUGHT" COMMISSIONED.

Strengthening the Home Fleet.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

The "Superb," the fourth "Dreadnought," has been put into commission at Portsmouth and joins the Home Fleet at Spithead.

ISSUE OF INDIA BILLS.

"The Ominous Hush."

LORD CURZON'S "RUSTLING OF TREES."

LONDON, JUNE 9,

The India Bills for £2,500,000, of which notice was given on the 3rd instant, have been over-subscribed two and-a-half times.

THE BLACK HAND SOCIETY.

Headquarters Discovered.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

The Police have unearthed at Marion, Ohio, the headquarters of the notorious Black Hand Italian secret society, which has been responsible for countless murders, blackmailing cases and terrorism in America and Italy.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT OF GIBRALTAR.

Admiral Pelham Appointed.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

Rear-Admiral Pelham has been appointed Superintendent at Gibraltar.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

Kent has beaten Yorkshire by seven wickets and Leicestershire has beaten Derby by 165 runs.

MAJOR Melville who is going to Kabul to afford medical advice to the Amir passes through Khyber on Saturday, an Afghan escort meeting him at Lundikhana.

THE UNIFICATION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Excitement in Natal.

REFERENDUM TO BE TAKEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 10.

Feverish excitement prevails and monster demonstrations are being held in Natal on the eve of the Union Referendum.

The Premiers of the four Colonies, Messrs. Merriman, Fischer, Botha and Moor, have telegraphed to the electors, hoping that they will declare for unity.

[In the course of an interview on the proceedings at the Bloemfontein Convention, Mr. Hyslop testified to the reasonable manner in which the other delegates met the Natal amendments, which had been adopted in principle in the main, those refused being of minor importance. He agreed with General Botha that the fear of competition from Mozambique under the new treaty was greatly exaggerated, and did not think that in practice the treaty would have harmful effects.

The "Natal Witness," dealing with the sacrifice of proportional representation by the Convention, says it means absolute Dutch dominance throughout South Africa. The journal expresses the greatest mistrust of Dutch policy, and considers that a large number of Natalians will now vote against Union on account of the sacrifice of proportional representation, and join hands with the implacable opponents who take their stand on the Mozambique treaty. It says one point to remember is that the moment Natal agrees to unite on the terms now granted, her trade is practically sold for ever to the Portuguese.

The "Times of Natal," on the other hand, expresses amazement at its contemporary's assertion as to the Dutch dominance. It points out the difference between the value of urban and rural votes in Cape Colony, and says that the concession made was nothing short of a resolution under the Union of absolute equality. If that equality secured Dutch predominance, the Dutch would have earned the right to predominate, but what would happen was that the moderates of both races would be the predominating party.

The "Mercury" urges the formation of a new political party in Natal to co-operate for Union on the basis of the amended draft Act. It says there is little danger of the Union Act being defeated in a referendum, but it is desirable that the vote in its favour shall be as large as possible.

The "Advertiser," in a strongly worded article, continues to oppose the acceptance of the draft Act, its leading article being headed "Draft Act on Dodges."]

EVACUATION OF CRETE.

Turkey's Request.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 10.

The Porte has requested the protecting Powers to reconsider the evacuation of Crete, which is fixed for July.

EXPLOITATION OF CHINA.

American Eagerness.

LONDON, JUNE 10,

Several great American financial institutions are sending an agent to the Far East to investigate opportunies for development of American finance in China.

AMERICAN TARIFF.

Raising the Wool Schedule.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

Telegram from Washington states that the Senate has restored Dingley rate on wool waste, which the House of Representatives reduced. This is regarded as a test vote, indicating the heightening of wool schedules.

DEATH OF MR. FERNANDO.

Crown Counsel of Ceylon.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

Mr. Fernando, Crown Counsl of Ceylon, has died at Beziers while en route for Lourdes. He was suffering from an incurable disease. His body is being conveyed to Ceylon.

THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN AGREMENT.

M. Isvolosky's Appointment..

PRESS COMMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

A "Pioneer" special London cablegram dated the 9th instant, states:—"The 'Novoe Vremya' which has hitherto been favourable to an Anglo-Russian agreement, printed an article from an Anglophobe source, directly against the contemplated appointment to Teheran, and complaining that M. Isvolsky is dominated by London. It is high time, says the article, that Russia should shake off this tutelage. The 'Times'" St. Petersburg correspondent adds that influential circles are inflating the importance of the Kaiser's visit, foretelling that it will result in a complete reconciliation at the expense of Anglo-Russian interests."

ENLARGEMENT OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS.

Regulations Drafted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

The regulations for the constitution of enlarged Legislative Councils have been drafted by the Government of India, after consideration of drafts submitted by local Administrations, and will be sent Home in due course for approval by the Secretary of State.

DEATH is reported from Baluchistan of Sir Nawroz Khan of Kharan.

THE railway between Krishnapore and Lalgolaghat-Murshidabad line was breached in several places by many heavy showers of rain on Wednesday night, and even if the weather clears it will take twenty-four hours to restore the line.

EDUCATION IN POONA.

Opening of the New English School.

SPEECH BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, June 10.

The New English School, an imposing building in Nanana's Wada in the city, was forformally opened by H. E. the Governor, this evening. The building was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and a large number of persons was accommodated in it to witness the ceremony. On his Excellency's arrival, he was received at the old entrance by the Vice-President (the Chief of Miraj) and the Council of the Deccan Education Society. His Excellency was shown over the new building, the party passing through the old wall where a small exhibition of artistic and mechanical work by the students of the school was arranged. After His Excellency had taken his seat on the dais, odes of welcome in Sanskrit were sung :—

The Vice-President next asked the Secretary, Professor Paranjpe, to read a statement of the origin and growth of the New English School.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency the Governor then addressed the gathering and said :—

"Mr. Vice-President, the Chief of Miraj, Ladies and Gentlemen. Last year I had the great pleasure of seeing the work of the Deccan Education Society in their two principal institutions, the Fergusson College and the New English School. To-day we have met together to inaugarate these fine new buildings which mark a fresh step in the beneficent activity of the Society. In India much of the work, which in other countries is undertaken by private enterprize, devolves upon Government, but in some directions and in education especially, private effort can most effectively supplement the labours of Government, and we cordially welcome the cooperation of such valuable and earnest bodies as the Deccan Education Society. The history of that Society plainly shows how much good can be accomplished by a band of enthusiastic workers willing to give their time and their energies to the great cause of education. Beginning with the New English School you have created institutions which

PROVIDE CHEAP EDUCATION

at all stages and have proved by the success obtained that they can well hold their own, not only under the test of examinations, but in the field of sports. I was much struck last year by the number of trophies which were won by the New English School in the Annual Athletic Competitions. Looking back on what you have achieved within a few years you have reason to feel pride in the past and to be encouraged to fresh efforts in the future. As you justly say "Want of progress means retrogression," and in education there can be no standing still. There is a

CONSTANT NEED OF IMPROVEMENT

to meet the ever-increasing demands of modern life. Old methods have to be discarded, new ideals are springing up which must be cherished. The profession of the teacher grows more and more exacting, but also more and more honourable and important. In India, especially, where routine has too long held sway, there is urgent need for

EDUCATIONAL REFORMS.

Judging from the address which has, been read I am sure that the Deccan Education Society is fully alive to this need and prepared to advance as far as its means permit. I cordially agree that industrial and technical education requires encouragement. Government is doing more than is generally recognized in this direction and the establishment of a fine Agricultural College in Poona will earnestly hope, in time, so far to develop the greatest of all Indian Industries. As regards training in science much remains to be done and I hope that the exceedingly unsatisfactory situation now existing will be realized by those who are responsible for the government of the University. The need is of two kinds. In the first place, India requires men able to bring science to bear upon the many problems awaiting solution to undertake

ORIGINAL RESEARCH

and to become teachers capable of imparting scientific enthusiam. Swadeshi enterprize in this direction would be productive of important economic results. In the second place I am convinced that all college students require at least a sound grounding in science as part of their mental equipment. No close observer of Indian thought can fail to be struck with the general absence of the scientific method of forming conclusions, of searching for causes and of weighing facts and figures. I do not believe that this is the result of any innate intellectual defect. In western countries, science has gradually changed that point of view. In India the proper teaching of science would produce the same effect. The proposals which I have submitted were based upon these considerations. I do not know whether they will prevail, but the great generosity of patriotic citizens will enable institutes to be created in Bombay and Ahmedabad where the science, of which India stands in need, will be effectively taught. The Deccan Education Society has taken an important step in deferring the stage at which instruction is given in English. I am convinced that education loses by being carried on in a medium not yet completely understood and I shall be anxious to know the result of this interesting experiment.

MORAL EDUCATION.

"Another point of great importance which is touched upon in the address is the question of moral education. I agree that the "religious solution of this problem is beset with difficulties, because it may tend to accentuate sectional differences and thus to impede the harmonious cooperation which is essential to true national progress. As Mr. Gupta has lately reminded us what is best in the great religions of the world is common to all alike and there is a basis of eternal truth which can be inculcated without arousing sectional animosities. The personal influence of teachers of pure life of lofty aims will always go far to mould the character of the pupil, and in the affairs of the world it is character far more than intellectual attainment which counts for good. But I entirely agree with the Society that in these matters it is essential to secure the co-operation of parents and guardians whose responsibilities cannot be ignored and must not be weakened.

POLITICS AND STUDENTS.

"I am particularly glad to note that the Deccan Education Society understands the motives which prompted Government to issue the recent orders against the participation of students in political movements. The sad results of encouraging youths to join associations leading to crime are painfully apparent, and in the best interests of the Presidency we desire that our students should be kept clear from questions on which they are not qualified to form a judgment which must distract their attention from their studies and which may tend to draw their young minds from the true paths into which knowledge and matured reflection would have led them.

"In this, as in all other matters, it is essential that the Deccan Education Society and the Government should have full confidence in each other. I believe that such full confidence is now established and my earnest wish is that it should always be maintained.

FRIENDLY ADVICE TO BOYS.

"And now I want to say a few words to the boys of the New English School, not as Governor, but as their friend. I ask you to be thorough in all you do, in your work and in your games. The education you are receiving here will help to fit you to be of real use to your country if you avail yourself of it. India needs workers in many directions and I hope you will all play an active part in promoting her progress. Knowledge properly turned to account is a real power and your success in life will depend upon how you utilize the education you are receiving.

BE TRUE TO YOURSELVES

and then you will be true to your country. Cultivate and cherish the sense of duty as the great guide of life and believe me that you will thus attain success and happiness.

"It remains for me to congratalate the Society on the completion of this fine building which reflects great credit on Mr. Godbole who has patriotically given his valuable services free and on Mr. Wadekar who has carried out the work. I am very glad that it has been found possible to retain intact a portion of the dwelling of the distinguished Minister, Nana Fadnavis, who would have been a remarkable man in any age and country. Far sighted as he was, I doubt if he could have imagined that his palace would ever become part of a great educational institution created by the efforts of Indians. But I am sure that if he had lived in days when Maharashtra dwells in perfect peace his strong intellect would have grasped the importance of the education of the people. I have great pleasure in announcing that Mr. Kaluram Bhu Mansuram has generously presented the Society with Rs. 3,000 and the Raja Bhonsle of Nagpur Rs. 1,000. I hope that this fine example will be followed and that the Society will be strongly supported in the excellent work which it is carrying on.

"In declaring this building open I hope that it will produce scholars of world-wide fame like Dr. Bhandarkar, enthusiastic teachers like the late Mr. Apte, great mathematicians like Principal Paranjpye, and above all good citizens of India and loyal subjects of His Majesty the King-Emperor."

At the end of the speech, His Excellency presented a dress of honor to the contractor of the building, Mr. Narayen Apajee, on behalf of the Society.

DR. BHANDARKER'S SPEECH.

Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar, Chairman of the Council of the Society, in moving a vote of thanks to His Excellency, said :—

"Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen, I rise, your Excellency, to give you thanks on behalf of the Deccan Education Society for the honour you have done us by being present here to-day and opening these buildings for the use of the New English School. The value of this honour has been greatly enhanced by the situation which it has pleased the Almighty to place you in since you left us at the close of the last Poona season. I hope your Excellency will not deem it improper if I cannot find it in my heart to let this occasion of our first meeting, this season, pass away without some allusion to it. That situation has been well described by the Sanskrit poet Bhavabhuti, who in his play of "Uttararamacharitra" speaks of Ram, the hero of the "Ramayan" and of the play, who happened to be in asimilar condition to this effect. "Ram as universal sovereign has had to protect the world, (in modern parlance to govern the world according to law,) closely applying his mind to the task, but all the while his internal soul has been withering away through grief on account of his beloved, as a delicate flower does when exposed to summer heat." Such a situation excites sympathy and admiration in the minds of all men, even when portrayed in a work of imagination. How much more must it do so when it comes to exist in real life? It is, therefore, my duty here to express our deepest sympathy for your Excellency and our admiration for the firmness with which you have stood to your duties like our epic hero, Rama, and we take it that your appearance here to-day is due to the high ideal that you have placed before yourself as the protector, (using an Indian phrase) of this Presidency. I therefore accord to your Excellency the most sincere thanks of our Society.

"As to the relations between our Society and the Government, they cannot but be harmonious. For the first time in the history of India, the British have established a system of National education in this country. It has done a great deal of good already and roused the country from its dormant condition and will do much greater good in the future. The object of this Society has been to cooperate with Government and widen the sphere of educational operations. It can therefore be at no cross purpose with the Government. Discipline is the soul of education and all that Government thinks it necessary to do for its promotion must have the hearty support of the Society. But in God's creation there is unity and an almost infinite variety. Also unity in variety is the rule of nature, and Government will not, I believe, enforce unity that is mere identity or dead uniformity every where. Hence we have perfect faith that the little variety presented by our institutions will be allowed by the Government to exist. But as to being wantonly at cross purpose with Government, that matter is not to be thought of as long as the life members of our Society continue to be as thoughtful as they are and understand the true interests of their country and as long as they are advised, assisted and even controlled by outsiders whose lifelong conviction has been that the good of India is indissolubly bound up with the continuance and goodwill of the British Government."

Finally, when "pan supari" and "attar" were being distributed, benedictory odes in Sanskrit were sung.

This terminated the proceedings.

SIR EDWARD BAKER is expected in Calcutta on the 12th July, and will proceed on tour on the 28th of the same month.

COLOGNE Cathedral, according to the architect's report, just published, is in a very unsatisfactory condition, and the necessary repairs will cost many millions of marks.

WHILE a man was passing an owl's nest at Hartford, Cheshire, he was attacked by one of the parent birds, which struck him under the eye with its claw.

THE Marylebone Magistrate remarked that since the Children Act had prevented boys spending their money on cigarettes the cases of juvenile gambling had largely increased.

BOMBAY DOCKYARD CASE.

One of Accused Examined.

THE POLICEMAN AND THE RASPBERRY SYRUP.

THE hearing of the charges against P. H. Burn, Foreman in the Government Dockyard, Bombay, and two Police officers, of being concerned in the theft of Government property from the Dockyard, was resumed at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate yesterday.

P.H. Burn, Foreman at the Dockyard, was charged with the theft, as a servant, of 4 cwts. of brass filings and of 9 cwts of copper and brass pieces, the property of Government and of a total value of Rs. 600. George Henry, Inspector of the Bombay Police, and C. S. Willis, Sub-Inspector of Police, were charged with aiding and abetting.

Mr. Godinho, Pleader, defended P. H. Burn, the first accused; Mr. Binning, Barrister-at-Law, with Messrs. Vicaji F. Vicaji, and Oliviera, Pleaders, instructed by Mr. Jamsetji Rustomji, Solicitor, defended George Henry, Inspector of Police (second accused) and C. H. Willis, Sub-Inspector of Police, (third accused.)

Abdul Hussein Tyebji, the Manager of a brass foundry at Kamatipura, who is charged with having received the stolen property, was again called. On this occasion he appeared to be well enough to give evidence.

Abdul Hussein Tyebji, examined by Mr. Sloane, said that he had a brass foundry on the Duncan Road, near the Police Chowkie, next to Dr. Powell's Chemists. He did not know any of the accused before the Court. He remembered the 31st ultimo, when he was brought to the Head Police Office by a Police officer, who came for him to his house. At the Police Station he was asked questions about some goods which were alleged to have been found in his "karkhana."

Mr. Binning objected to the questions being given.

Witness, continuing, said he gave some information, giving the names of merchants from whom he obtained his goods.

A HOSTILE WITNESS.

Superintendent Sloane asked the witness whether his replies to the Police on that occasion were true or false.

Mr. Binning objected that this was cross-examination, but the objection was over-ruled.

Witness said he did not know now whether his replies were true or false. He only knew that now he was speaking the truth.

In reply to another question, the witness said he had once had a conversation with Henry at the Quarantine Camp.

The Magistrate: What did you mean by saying you did not know him?

Witness: I meant that I have not known him lately. I knew him some time ago.

The Magistrate: How long ago?

Witness: About five years ago.

Superintendent Sloane: For five or six years you have not known him?

Witness: On the 30th of May last I saw Henry in Doctor Street. Henry called me and I went down and salaamed him. Henry inquired if I was ill, and I said I was, and then walked away; that is all that passed.

Witness, continuing, said he had no fixed time for going to his office. Sometimes he went at seven and sometimes at eight. On the 31st ultimo he went to the factory at seven, he left about half-past ten and was taken to the Police Station about half-past twelve, Bombay Time. He did not go to the "karkhana" again after half-past ten.

Superintendent Sloane here asked permission to treat the witness as hostile and to cross-examine.

Mr. Binning objected and argued that the witness had said nothing to show that he was hostile. He might have contradicted the statement he made to the Police, but that was not evidence and could not be referred to.

His Worship pointed out that the witness had contradicted himself on the question whether he knew the accused, and he gave permission.

The witness then denied that at the Police Station he showed a paper or made a statement to Inspector Mahomed Ali, or that he had been shown three barrels.

COUNSEL AND POLICE.

Mr. Binning here objected to the presence in Court of a Police sepoy. He hoped that no communication was being made with the witnesses.

Superintendent Sloane: I hope so too.

Mr. Binning: I cannot help noticing the passing to and fro of two native constables. I don't know what they are doing, and the witnesses are untrustworthy.

Superintendent Sloane: I have given orders that they must not speak to the witnesses. They have merely been bringing in books and papers.

Mr. Binning: I am very glad to hear that.

Superintendent Sloane: If Mr. Binning would put a man to watch, I should be very glad, instead of having these insinuations made.

Superintendent Sloane, continuing his cross-examination, put it to the witnesses several times that he showed the Police after his arrest certain entries in his account books. The witness persistently denied this. He said the Police examined his books, but he showed them nothing.

Rupaji Babaji, the next witness, said he was a brass polisher, employed by Abdul Hussein Tyebji. He knew the accused Willis, who had been to his employer's foundry two or three times some ten or fifteen days ago. He came at about twelve noon wearing Police uniform, and sat down in a chair just inside the foundry door. The mehta fetched him a drink of raspberry syrup. Then a cart came up with certain goods and seeing some Police also, the servants ran away. The accused Willis jumped on his bicycle and ran away. This happened on the day of witness's arrest, and he and other workmen were taken to the back of the foundry, where he saw a cart with three barrels in it. Of these the Police took possession. His employer, Abdul Hussein, left the foundry that day about twelve o'clock. He (Abdul Hussein) was not there when Willis arrived, but he came back later before Willis had left. He did not know whether anything past between them.

Rahimbux Mullabux, a fitter at the foundry, gave similar evidence. He added that Abdul Hussein and Willis had some conversation in English. Then Abdul Hussein left, but before he went witness heard him say "Weigh the goods properly," but to whom he said this, witness did not know. After that he saw several people, including Willis, running away.

Inspector E. E. Morris said that on the 31st ultimo he accompanied Mirza Mahomed Ali to Stable Street, where he saw a cart standing with its tail-board before a lane. There were two barrels in the cart and one was standing in the lane. He went to the "karkhana" and found the door being shut. He put his knee in it to prevent it being closed, and entered.

The case was then adjourned until, to-day at one o'clock.

U. P. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Death of an Indian Member.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD JUNE 10.

A Muzaffarnagar telegram announces the death at Naini Tal, last Wednesday, of Rai Bahadur Nihal Chand, after a short illness. The Rai Bahadur had been for several years a Member of the United Provinces Legislative Council and had done very useful work in that capacity. He was born in 1846 and the title of Rai Bahadur was conferred upon him in 1895 in recognition of his public services.

THE MIDNAPORE ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

Mr. K. B. Dutt, Barrister, who was in Calcutta, left for Midnapore yesterday, to give evidence before the Commission inquiry which opens to-day.

DURING the week ending 8th June, 252 chests of opium were removed from warehouse in Bombay. Of these 246½ were shipped to China, ½ to Zanzibar and 5 were purchased by the farmer at Sholapar. During the week 6 chests were imported from Indore.

A BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S LETTERS.

Sir James Rivett-Carnac's Impressions.

HIS LETTER-BOOK SOLD IN CALCUTTA.

THE Rev. Walter K. Firminger contributes an article to the "Calcutta Review," in which he deals in an interesting manner with the letters of Sir James Rivett-Carnac, Governor of Bombay, from May 31st 1839 to April 27th 1841. From what Mr. Firminger says in a footnote, appearing in the article, it seems clear that Sir James kept a letter copy-book in which the letters now being published were entered before despatch of the originals. "The letters," says Mr. Firminger, "are copied neatly by a clerk, but one or two seem to be in Sir James's own hand." This book came to the hammer in Calcutta, and Mr. Firminger bought it and is now publishing it. Sir James was, before he was appointed to the high office of Governor, closely connected with Bombay. Born in 1785, the son of James Rivett, he was a brother of the famous beauty, whose protrait by Sir Joshua Reynolds is well-known, and a former Member of the Bombay Council, who had added to his own name the historical name of Carnac. In 1800 he entered the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich and in the following year joined the Madras Native Infantry. He then became Aide-de-Camp to Jonathan Duncan, Governor of Bombay, for seventeen years, from 1795 to 1812. But he did not long continue in that post. He soon got himself transferred to the Political Department, becoming at first Assistant Resident and Secretary at Baroda, and then Resident, from 1807 to 1819. In 1822, at the early age of thirty-seven, (not twenty-seven as is stated in the "Calcuta Review"), he attained the rank of Major and returned to England. He there became a Director of the East India Company, and in 1830 Chairman of the Directors. He was made a Baronet in 1836 and became M.P. for Sandwich in the ensuing year. In 1838 he was appointed to succeed Sir Robert Grant in the Governorship of Bombay.

Sir James seems to have maintained a brisk correspondence with some of the leading public men both in England and in India. Sir John Hobhouse, then President of the Board of Control, but best known as the friend and fellow-traveller of Lord Byron; J. C. Melvill, Chief Secretary to the Hon'ble East India Company, and a brother of the famous preacher, Canon Henry Melvill; Lord Elphinstone, then Governor of Madras, Sir Riehard Jenkins, his successor in the Chairmanship of the Board of Directors at Home and others figure in his correspondence. At Home a thoroughgoing Whig, in India he advocated efficiency flavoured with integrity. Lord Auckland was at the time of his arrival in the fourth year of his Governor-Generalship and was getting into the thick of the Afghan imbroglio. Sir James appears to have concurred with Lord Auckland in his Afghan policy. He again and again writes approvingly of his patronage of the exiled Amir of Afghanistan, but one of many passages must suffice here. "There is here but one opinion," he says, writing to Sir John Hobhouse, "and I believe it to be very general throughout India that the policy of Lord Auckland with reference to Afghanistan was called to save India from general confusion." Though there is reason to think that Lord Auckland at one time was really against the war, it is clear that he held the view that Sir James enunciates in the letter quoted above. "Of the justice of the course about to be pursued," Lord Auckland wrote, "there cannot exist a reasonable doubt. We owe it to our own safety to assist the lawful sovereign of Afghanistan to the recovery of his throne." The Liberal Cabinet of the day approved it likewise, and the results that followed are matters of history now. The China affair of 1839 and the turn it took, Sir James did not like. "This is a sad affair in China," he wrote on the 3rd June, 1839, to Mr. Melvill, "and I shall be anxious to know what the Governor-General will do. These Chinese have plausible grounds which will tell in England, for insisting on the opium being surrendered. Nevertheless, I think I would not have given it up, come what may, particularly under the circumstances in which it was coerced. Should we tamely submit to all the indignities heaped on us in this affair, I know not what intercourse we can hold with His Celestial Majesty's dominions." In a letter, dated the 9th June 1838, to Lord Elphinstone, he requested his co-operation in the matter of procuring a sufficient and regular supply of teak timber from the forests in Malwar, "to enable us to build several ships of the line for the British Navy." Elphinstone was then on the Nilgiris, "not very strong," and as we know, enjoying the milder climate of Kaity, where his residence is now the property on the Basel Mission.

Nearer home, Sir James Rivett Carnac was troubled with getting things into order, owing to the Government having, during his joining time, when Mr. Farish was acting for him, drifted into the hands of subordinates. Affairs in the Native States of Satara and Baroda were not satisfactory. The Rajahs of these States had sent Missions to England, where they had gained over a party of the House of Commons to their side. You must really put an end, Sir James wrote to Mr. Jenkins once, "if you can (but there is the difficulty) to these Missions of Native Princes to England, or we shall have no peace in this country." The then Maharajah of Baroda was in the hands of one Veneeram, his Minister, and had systematically broken his pledges with the Company. Sir John Malcolm and his school had acted on the policy of non-intervention. Sir James disagreed with this, in so far as it affected the efficiency of the administration of the State itself. "We do not want," he says in effect, "to add these Native States to British India, but surely it is our duty to see that they are properly administered." He was for deposing Sivajee, Rajah of Baroda, but not for dismembering his State; he should suffer, and not his State. He was quite opposed to any project of taking possession of the Gaekwar's territories, even for temporarily administering them in the name of the reigning Prince. He felt that the responsible Minister of a Native Prince should be "an individual possessing our confidence." So he proposed to depose Sivajee and appoint a successor to him from his own family. He proposed these measures to his Council and wrote of them to Sir John Hobhouse. As regards the Gaekwar, he said:—"I don't concur in what has been done, though to undo it would make Sivajee more intractable. I do not see what legitimate ground there was for seizing on Peilad. It had nothing to do with our demands on the Gaekwar, nor has it promoted the settlement of them one jot. . . . It is but half a measure and has produced no effect with Sivajee. I can understand our right to set him aside altogether for a systematic violation of his engagement, and placing another on the throne, and to this we must come at last, unless a change takes place in Sivajee, which I hardly expect. I fear that this strange fine upon the Gaekwar had its origin in the desire of the good folks here for more territory. They are deeply imbued with a sense of the superior blessings of British Laws and dominion, and not insensible to its other advantages. Sir James was for keeping up the old Native States in accordance with the Treaties entered into with them. "There seems," he remarked in his letter of the 1st July, 1839, to Sir John Hobhouse, "to me a strong disposition here and in Bengal to overthrow Native States. I question this policy, and besides we have more territory than we can well manage. States created by, or anciently allied with, us should be preserved, though the conduct of individuals as their sovereigns might justify their being set aside." That was his policy towards Native States, a policy that has been reiterated in recent times by high authorities both in India and in England.

Sir James Rivett-Carnac liked Parel, which he styles "a princely residence." But in June Bombay is as bad as Madras, and no wonder we find him frequently complaining of the heat. "Nothing can redeem this climate," he writes once, "just now, the monsoon setting in, it is like living in a steam bath." A fortnight later, we find him naturally gravitating towards Poona, "where the climate," he says, "at this time of the year is much more favourable." Of his "kind friend," Lord Elphinstone, he make frequent references. "Lord Elphinstone," he wrote on the 3rd July, 1839, "makes an excellent Governor, while I hear from Nicholls, who would not say what he did not think—he is considered in talent, manners and disposition as very much resembling his uncle. I have heard from him frequently and his letters show that he knows much already of India. You will find him. I think, very soon rising in public opinion. He more than fulfilled this early estimate of him, and was appointed Governor of Bombay in December, 1853—a post in which he remained till May, 1860, affording great assistance in the suppression of the great Sepoy Mutiny of 1859.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

"NO. 10 GOWNING STREET."

Showroom in a Garden

ASCOT TOILETTES.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 21.

FROCKS for Ascot are the subject of the hour and modistes and dressmakers are putting an amount of ingenuity into their Ascot displays. Cards, beautifully engraved, requesting the pleasure of the recipient's company at a musical "At Home," with the words "Ascot Gowns" nearly inscribed in the corner, tempt one to come and see and be conquered by the lovely creations designed for the smartest race course in the world. Miniature stages, with sylvan scenery have been set up for the better display of the dresses. One firm for instance shows a paddock scene, and in order that the effect of the dresses shall be properly realised, the mannequins move in and out among waxen figures immaculately attired in frock coats and silk hats. Even more realistic is the Ascot display at Lady Duff Gordon's dress-making establishment in Hanover Square. Her fine old Georgian house rejoices in the possession of a picturesque old garden now in the full glory of its fresh spring-beauty. Music from a famous orchestra filtered through the trees, as the mannequins in Ascot toilettes complete to the gloves and the parasol trailed their dainty skirts over the lawn.

Dresses to be worn in the open air must be seen under the sun with the trees and the turf as their back-ground, not under electric light explained the hostess, and the wisdom of this is obvious. So often a dress that has seemed a joy for ever in a crowded showroom with its Louis Seize carpet and carefully chosen mural decorations looks artificial and stilted when translated to paddock and lawn.

ASCOT PREPARATIONS.

The dressmakers preparations for Ascot, by the way, indicate what was already fairly apparent, and that is that the dressmaker's are clinging to the Directoire elegance and simplicity of outline, and turning a deaf ear to the Parisian authorities who are insisting on fullness of skirt and hip drapery.

Long clinging skirts of the Princess order with the waist a trifle above the normal waist line, were the features of the beautiful gowns in Hanover-Square display I have just mentioned, and satin charmeuse was the material. Hand painted muslins also made in Princess style will be seen in numbers at Ascot, and charming race toilettes are being composed in which wide brimmed Leghorn hats are trimmed with the same flower as it painted on the frock, and two long velvet streamers repeating the predominant colour note hang down the back. The sun shade is painted en suite, and a long scarf with painted ends is worn. Princess dresses of finest muslin and batiste which are a mass work of tiny tucks and insertions of lace promise to be tremendously popular. The Princess style is becoming almost ubiquitous. Even the coats and skirts have the skirts made in the form of a sleeveless Princess. This idea appeals to women of limited dress allowance for when the coat is removed, the Princess slip worn over a smart blouse makes an elegant toilette.

LADIES AND THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ladies may once again visit the House of Commons, provided they are relations of Members of Parliament. The decision to re-admit women visitors was prompted, it is whispered, by sordid considerations. Since the memorable night when the grille of the ladies gallery was torn down by the attendants who found this the only means of removing the ardent suffragettes who had chained themselves to its bars, when the Sergeant at Arms decreed that women should not be allowed to enter, receipts for afternoon teas and dinners have suffered a considerable falling off, and the finances of the once flourishing kitchen department were at a low ebb. It was not only that there were no ladies to have the recherche little dinners but deprived of the presence of the fair sex, Members of Parliament ceased to make a practice of dining at the house or if they did a modest cutlet or steak sufficed and costly wines and out of season delicacies were reserved for more auspicious occasions.

The falling off in the receipts told its own story, and with the return of the ladies and the tea on the terrace season the Kitchen Committee is looking forward to a fresh run of the old prosperity. The rule that only those ladies, who are related to Members of Parliament should be admitted, seems to be more honoured in the breach than the observance. Certainly, Members of Parliament are cheerfully taking upon their shoulders all manner of responsibilities. One popular M.P. already lays claim to 57 cousins and over a score of aunts, which goes to show that members are very ready to facilitate the return of the ladies to St. Stephens.

THE FEAR OF THE SUFFRAGETTE.

The posibility in the form of uninvited guests in the form of the suffragettes forcing their way into gatherings which include Ministerial guests, has for some time been a sort of nightmare to hostesses. Only this week, when the Countess of Granard was entertaining the Prime Minister, she issued little slips printed in red asking her guests to kindly bring their cards of invitation. More to be dreaded than the uninvited guest who can be hustled out after she has made her suffragist declaration is the uninvited guest possibly a woman of high social standing and great personal charm who insists on drawing Cabinet Ministers into a discussion on this ticklish question.

An amusing case in point has arisen at the Lyceum Club, that Piccadilly temple of literary and artistic womanhood. The literary section have invited the Earl of Crewe to have dinner with them, an invitation which has been accepted by the Colonial Secretary. Tickets sold remarkably well for the dinner, the entire supply being promptly bought up to the great satisfaction of the organisers who have just made the discovery that all the tickets have fallen into the hands of the suffragist section of the club, and nothing will induce these ladies to forego the pleasure of dining with Lord Crewe, who is a notorious opponent of their cause.

The literary section of their Club is indignant. The suffragette section is jubiliant, and the club which numbers 4,000 members is awaiting developments with interest.

"NO. 10 GOWNING STREET."

Even more than the Budget, has the question of Mrs. Asquith's party at No. 10 Downing Street, occupied public attention for the last few days.

A forthnight ago I described Mrs. Asquith's novel way of entertaining her guests, on the occasion of an "At Home" which she gave at No. 10 Downing-Street. M. Poiret, the famous Parisian Artist in dress, came expressly from Paris for the "At Home" bringing with him several of his latest triumphs which forecasted the modes for Ascot and

Goodwood, and while Mrs. Asquith's guests sipped tea, and ate cake, French models strolled through the historic rooms and displayed these gowns. Mrs. Asquith's favoured guests had a thoroughly enjoyable time, and were charmed with this novel way of entertaining, but it is quite certain that if the wife of the Prime Minister had realised what a storm her unlucky party was to bring about her ears, she would not have been so ready to provide a new sensation.

"What," it is indignantly asked on every side, "Shall the official residence of the Prime Minister of England be used to advertise the wares of a foreign tradesman."

Then some one christened the famous house "No. 10 Gowning Street," and the name seems likely to stick. A question on the subject was asked in the House of Commons, but was ruled out of order by the Speaker, and this had the effect of increasing the tumult which raged round the question.

To-day Mrs. Asquith has issued an explanation of the party in which she says that "she merely received a few of her personal friends in her private rooms, and that a well known costumier, whose models can be bought in any London shop, brought some specimens for the inspection of myself and my friends."

In the meantime, it has not gone without notice, that Mrs. Asquith and her daughter attended a display of dress at a well known English house this week, and bought very largely.

THE WEEK-END MOTOR PARTY.

The week-end motor party is the very latest in entertaining. Week-end motor trips have been very popular for some time but a novel extension of the idea, and one which is likely to prove very successful, was portrayed in an advertisement, which appeared in a well-known London paper this week.

"Lady has unexpected vacancy in her motor car for week-end, also several hours disengaged next week, moderate terms" were the words, of the advertisement, and it seems that there is a distinct opening for the enterprise which has been formulated by this lady motorist.

At first sight it may seem something of a novelty that a lady who drives and owns her own car, should take out week-end parties in it, but I am informed that an advertisement such as this meets with a ready response. There are many women who much prefer being driven by a capable woman driver, and there is no doubt that this latest development will add to the favour which the trip for three or four days in a hired motor car already enjoys.

RAILWAY BOARD ACTIVITIES.

The Kathiawar Systems.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

The President of the Railway Board leaves Simla on the 26th June for Rajkote proceeding via Bombay where he will arrive on the 28th, leaving the same night for Kathiawar. The object of his visit is to enquire, at the request of the Government of Bombay, into the present system under which railways are worked there and to suggest a means of placing their administration on a better footing than now exists. The Railways in Kathiawar are all owned by Native States and the "coalition" under which they now work, it is urged, does not fairly deal with the various interests involved.

After leaving Kathiawar, Sir T. R. Wynne will probably proceed to Poona to see the Governor of Bombay regarding the results of his visit to Kathiawar, staying in Bombay en route to discuss any local matters requiring attention there.

Mr. Finney, Member of the Board, will make a prolonged tour in the south. He leaves Simla on the 5th of July arriving in Calcutta on the 7th, where he will stay until the 11th. He will arrive at Madras on the 13th, staying there until the 17th, proceeding then to Ootacamund. He will be in Poona on the 25th and then return via Bombay.

Mr. Wood will remain at headquarters to deal with the current duties of the Railway Board.

SEPOY RUNS AMOK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

The following Press Communique was issued here to-day :—

A sepoy of the Southern Waziristan Militia, ran amok in Wana Fort on 7th June, killing one sepoy, but fortunately missing four others at whom he fired. He was eventually pluckily secured by Subadar Kawan Khan who was unarmed.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 11,

Bombay Garrison :—Fort Field Officer Lieut. A. I. Connor, 116th Mahrattas ; next for duty Lieut. H. W. Young, 116th Mahrattas ; Colaba Field Officer Captain G. A. Hassells-Hate, R.G.A. ; next for duty Major H. L. N. Beynon, R.G.A.

The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed out of India on the recommendation of a Medical Board, in anticipation of the leave which will be hereafter granted to him by the General-Officer-Commanding the 6th (Poona) Division :—2nd-Lieut. A. H. Stewart, 1st Gloucestershire Regiment,

Temporary leave of absence is granted to :—Lieut. H. W. Young, 116th Mahrattas, from the 11th to the 20th May, 1909. Lieut. and Quarter-Master W. J. Hewitt 1st Gloucestershire Regiment, from the 11th to the 20th May.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bernard, 26th Punjabis, and Major Biddulph, Durham Light Infantry, are permitted to retire.

On the arrival in India of Colonel Barter, of the British Service, he is posted to Command the Bombay Brigade vice Brigadier-General Greenfield whose tenure has expired.

Captains Rudkin, 120th Infantry, and Potter, Royal Irish Regiment, are permitted to exchange.

The following postings are sanctioned :—Captain Berkeley, 2nd Cheshires, to be Adjutant, 4th Cheshires.

Major Ewbank, R. E., to be Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers, Peshawar.

Major Elamie, 56th Rifles, to be Professor at the Indian Staff College from next September, vice Major Waterfield.

Major A. H. Cunningham joins the Military Works Department, Quetta Division.

OWING to the increasing pressure of financial and audit work in the Railway Board's Office, it has been found necessary to appoint an Assistant Accounts officer to the Railway Board who will assist the Railway Accounts officer. The appointment has been filled by the promotion of Mr. William P. Avery of the Public Works Department, who has a long and varied experience of the work.

MADRAS RAILWAY STRIKE.

Agent's Letter to the Press.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 10.

Mr. Anderson, Agent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, in the course of a long letter to the Press, reviews the situation of the drivers' strike and concludes as follows :—"As must be evident to all, the work of a Railway could not be allowed to remain at a standstill pending the pressure of certain of its servants. It therefore devolved upon the Administration to make every possible endeavour to reduce to a minimum the inconvenience under which the public was suffering. In this endeavour we have happily been to a large extent successful, partly owing to the loyalty displayed by the remaining employes of the Company, and partly to assistance rendered by the new men engaged. These latter cannot now be thrown over, as indicated in my notice of the 3rd instant. They have the first claim to the permanent vacancies occasioned by the absence of the strikers. It follows, therefore, that a considerable number of men, who have by their action left the Company's service, cannot now be re-engaged under any circumstances. From what is now appearing in the Press, the strikers are appealing for public sympathy on the ground they are martyrs to the cause. Their leaders, as has been shown above, had ample opportunity offered them to rejoin, but refused to take advantage thereof ; how far on this plea we must leave the public to judge. The position is now so much changed that it will be necessary to require the strikers who are still occupying the Company's quarters, to vacate them, in order to make room for drivers replacing them. I shall therefore find myself compelled to issue notices to this effect.

TELEGRAM FROM THE HOME BOARD.

The following telegram from the Home Board was received to-day :—Your telegram of the 7th instant. "Glad situation is improved. Have received the following telegram to-day,—"Resolved drivers will resume if conciliatory arbitration granted and none punished like East Indian Railway." As no address given, please communicate the following reply :—" Board acknowledges telegram and have already accepted Agent's proposal to make fresh engagements with strikers who disloyally abandoned duty without notice and refused opportunity offered of resuming duty, so far as places so forfeited have already filled. Agent's proposals are approved for re-employing strikers without punishment, except loss of pay for period of strike. Too late now for conciliation which should have been proposed before strike re sorted to, but Board approves Agent's proposal to discuss alleged grievances further with delegates of the men who are re-employed."

PUBLIC MEETING.

A public meeting was held, last evening, in the "Habitation," Egmore, when drivers on strike explained their grievances to a crowded house, Rev. A. H. Baker, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Vepery, being in the chair. The principal speakers were Mr. A. J. Balfour, General Secretary, Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, India and Burma, Brooks, Alexander and the Rev. Mr. Tindale. The following resolutions were passed unanimously :—

That this meeting, after hearing the testimony of the drivers of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, regarding their grievances, are unanimously of opinion that the Agent of the Company is responsible at least for the maintenance of the strike. They hoped for the early acceptance of the Boards of Conciliation and Arbitration of a free pardon for all who struck would be conceded,

That Mr. Balfour be authorised to send a second telegram to the Home Board, embodying the resolution of the meeting of this date and asking them for a reconsideration of their decision.

In conclusion, Mr. Balfour read a copy of a telegram sent by the Home Board, provided by the Agent's office to Brooks and others.

Brooks thanked the ladies and gentlemen present for their kind attendance and the meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, the present members of the Anglo-Indian Association singing the National Anthem. It is understood that 40 strikers have returned to work.

KARACHI GHARRIWALLAS' STRIKE.

Police Zoolum Complained of.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 10.

The gharriwallas struck work to-day and the roads are strangely devoid of horse conveyances, except a few private traps, to the very great inconvenience of the public and especially to passengers arriving by train. The men are quiet, but seem determined to maintain the strike. Their grievances are 'zoolum' on part of the police, as they allege. By 'zoolum' they mean frequent suspensions of licenses for defects. They also clamour for an enhancement of fares.

The strike, the police allege, has been organised by twelve leading owners of conveyances who, it is stated, have intimated to other owner's and drivers to join, and proceedings are being taken against them under the security sections of the Criminal Procedure Code in the District Magistrate's Court here. The result is awaited with interest.

The owners declare their intention of forming an Association of owners of public conveyances with a press to ventilate their grievances. There are over 400 conveyances licensed in Karachi, and it is estimated that tax of one rupee per head would permit of the project being carried out.

A CHRISTIAN COLONY.

Destroyed by Fire.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JUNE 10.

A few days ago a serious disaster befell the Christian village settled on Marham's grant at Doiwala, Eastern Dehra Dun. About midday the village caught fire and in a few minutes was a mass of flames. Most of the people were in their fields and houses and the property of some eight Christian families have been destroyed. Among the sufferers is Mr. Sindon, the grandson of Capt. J. Sindon, of the old Goorkha Regiment, stationed in Dehra Dun since 1866 and who died in the Delhi Mutiny in 1857. Mr. C. Sindon has been residing for some time in Doiwala.

Mr. Sindon was away from home at the time of fire, but his wife and their child and infant, three days old, were in the house, Mrs. Sindon being still in a delicate state. They were carried out of the house and the shock killed the child, while Mrs. Sindon is in a most precarious state in Mrs. Hewpett's Hospital, Mussoorie. Mr. Sindon has lost all his property.

A STEPMOTHER'S REVENGE.

Charge of Dacoity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 9.

A "Statesman's" telegram from Dacca, dated June 9th, referring to the sensational story of a dacoity at Dacca, implicating a Police Inspector, a Pleader and others, which has been given currency, says it is based on a set of facts which, when placed in their true light, show that the affair was of a very different character from that which is indicated. The correct version is as follows :—It appears that Gokul Chandra Roy, adopted heir of the late Piban Babu, a wealthy zemindar at Dacca, having attained his majority, took possession of the family moveables with permission and was assisted under an order of the Court by Inspector Wainwright, his Pleader, Gagan Babu and others. Ananda Moyee Chaudhurani, up to now executrix of the estate and stepmother to Gokul Roy, who was opposing the latter's title, thereupon instituted a case charging Gokul and others with dacoity, etc.

INDIAN POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

New Appointment Created.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

With the sanction of the Secretary of State a temporary and supernumerary post in the grade of Resident, Second Class, has been created in the Indian Political Department. This is now being held by Mr. Tucker, Revenue Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.

THE SHONATOLA GUNSHOT CASE.

Hearing in Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 9.

The Shonatola gunshot murder case was taken up yesterday morning, when the Assistant Stationmaster, Croos, was examined. The prosecution witnesses, Accur, Akanda and Udoo Faquir, who got two gun-shot wounds, Nilap Chand Marwari, who is an in-door patient in the local hospital, and from whose left thigh buckshot was extracted, Golam Rahman, who got four gun-shot wounds and Sambar Chukidar who arrested the accused and Abdul Mannan, were examined and cross-examined. After the examination of some more witnesses the case was adjourned to the 16th instant.

THE DIAMOND HARBOUR DACOITY.

Accused Discharged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

Norendranath Bhuttacharjee, who was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the Diamond Harbour dacoity case, was released by the District Magistrate of Alipore, yesterday, as he held there were no grounds for proceeding against him.

FIRE IN A SPIRIT SHOP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

In connection with the fire at a methylated spirit shop, on the 25th of May at Upper Chitpore Road, in which four men were burned to death, the Coroner's jury yesterday, expressed the opinion that nothing was proved to show that the tramcar had anything to do with the outbreak of fire, and returned a verdict of "death by misadventure."

DEHRA GHAZI KHAN.

Threatened by Flood.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

The River Indus has risen considerably this month, and is threatening the main part of Dera Ghazi Khan city. The Punjab Government have sanctioned the acquisition of land at Chorusca, where building sites will be allotted to refugees.

Mr. Wilson, Assistant Commissioner, Jullunder, has been posted to Dera Ghazi Khan to assist the Deputy Commissioner there, who has now much extra work to do in connection with the pending exodus of the people.

ALLAHABAD HIGH COURT.

Criminal Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

On Wednesday last, the Allahabad High Court Criminal Sessions concluded with the conviction of Robert Dursham, formerly Assistant Stationmaster, Dehra Dun. He was found guilty of the offence of outrage by the unanimous verdict of the jury.

Justice Griffin, in sentencing him to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, said that he fully concurred with the verdict of the jury.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

Only 1,698 plague deaths occurred in all India last week. Of these the Punjab had 1,131 deaths ; the United Provinces 168 ; Bombay Presidency 154 ; Bengal 105 ; Rajputana 65 ; Burma 50 ; Mysore State 14 ; Madras Presidency 10 ; Central Provinces 1 ; the remainder of the county being free from the disease.

SPORTING ARMS FOR TURKISH ARABIA.

A notification in yesterday's "Government Gazette" states that the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political Department, is specially empowered to grant licenses to export by sea, sporting shot guns, and sporting ammunition, not intended for sale or for military purposes, but for the private use of the consignee, to ports within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

Fixtures and Prospects for this Season.

Although practise football matches have been played in Bombay for the last week or more, the Association football season will make its actual commencement to-morrow (Saturday) when the first match will be played at the Cooperage ground in the Harwood League competition. This season, there are to be nine teams engaged as compared with eight who took part in the competition last year. The departure of the Royal Scots robs the tournament of two elevens and at the same time will make the leadership of the League a much more open affair than it was last year. The Gloucesters who succeed the Scots at this station, will enter one team only, and while they are expected to be a capable hard-playing combination they will not be, from all one hears, such a highly-trained lot as were their predecessors. However, the Garrison Artillery, who used to run the Scots so close, are entering again and as far as form may be judged so early they have excellent chances of figuring at the top of the table. Last night they defeated the Bombay Gymkhana by three goals to nil, and the Gymkhana, in spite of their defeat by the Telegraphs, have shown signs of being quite a useful side this year. The Y. M. C. A. seem to be a good lot and at any rate are keen for, they have scarcely missed a night at practice, while the Telegraphs and the Hornets are so far rather unknown quantities.

To take the places of the Royal Scots' elevens, the Gloucesters, the Hornets and the Parel Gymkhana come in. The Hornets are a newly formed club, who are entering for the first time, while the Parel people, after competing the year before last, were absent last year and are now putting practically a new side into the field.

The football season in Bombay will stretch this year till the end of September. The Harwood League, with nine teams entering will include seventy-two matches, and following, that there will be a Junior tournament for which about ten teams are expected to enter, and finally the Rovers tournament.

FIRST ROUND FIXTURES.

In the Harwood League, since the fixture list was first compiled, it has been necessary to make some alterations. An amended list for the first round is now issued as follows:—

June 12. Y. M. C. A. vs. Bombay Gymkhana, Cooperage.
June 14. Royal Artillery vs. The Hornets, Oval.
June 15. Government Telegraph vs. The Gloucesters, Cooperage.
June 16. Rovers vs. Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage.
June 18. Government Telegraph vs. Commercial Gymkhana, Cooperage.
June 19. Royal Artillery vs. The Gloucesters, Cooperage.
June 21. Rovers vs. The Hornets, Oval.
June 22. Y. M. C. A. vs. Parel, Cooperage.
June 23. Rovers vs. Government Telegraphs, Cooperage.
June 25. The Gloucesters vs. Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage.
June 26. Commercial Gymkhana vs. Rovers, Cooperage.
June 28. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Hornets, Oval.
June 29. Y. M. C. A. vs. Royal Artillery, Cooperage.
June 30. The Gloucesters vs. Commercial Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 2. Government Telegraph, vs. Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 3. Y. M. C. A. vs. The Gloucesters, Cooperage.
July 5. Y. M. C. A. vs. Hornets, Oval.
July 6. Rovers vs. Royal Artillery, Cooperage.
July 7. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Commercial Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 9. Commercial Gymkhana vs. Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 10. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Royal Artillery, Cooperage.
July 12. Royal Artillery vs. Parel Gymkhana, Oval.
July 13. Rovers vs. The Gloucesters, Cooperage.
July 14. Government Telegraph vs. The Hornets, Cooperage.
July 16. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Government Telegraph, Cooperage.
July 17. Commercial Gymkhana vs. Y. M. C. A., Cooperage.
July 19. Parel Gymkhana vs. The Hornets, Oval.
July 20. Rovers vs. Bombay Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 21. Government Telegraphs vs. Royal Artillery Cooperage.
July 23. Y. M. C. A. vs. Rovers, Cooperage.
July 24. Bombay Gymkhana vs. The Gloucesters, Cooperage.
July 26. Commercial Gymkhana vs. The Hornets, Oval.
July 27. Government Telegraph vs. Y. M. C. A., Cooperage.
July 28. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage.
July 30. The Gloucesters vs The Hornets, Cooperage.
July 31. Commercial Gymkhana vs. Royal Artillery, Cooperage.

The fixtures for the second round will be issued later.

ANNUAL MEETING.

At the annual meeting of the League which was held at Green's Restaurant, Mr. Justice Russell, was elected President, the Hon. A. Hill-Trevor was elected Vice-President and Mr. F. Hogan was re-appointed Honorary Secretay.

The following clubs were selected to compete in the competition this season :—

The Bombay Gymkhana, the Commercial Gymkhana, the Parel Gymkhana, the Y. M. C. A., the Hornets, the Gloucesters, the Royal Artillery, the Rovers, and the Govt. Telegraphs.

SHIRHIND BOXING TOURNAMENT.

Fifth Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 9.

FEATHER WEIGHTS:—Second round continued.

Private Harford, 15th Hussars vs. Private Morris, Royal Welsh Fusiliers. Won by Morris on points.

Private Biggs, Royal Welsh Fusiliers vs. Sergeant Power, King's Dragoon Guards. A brisk fight. Biggs won on points.

Private Hirst, West Ridings vs. Private Stacey, Royal Welsh Fusiliers. Both were punished severely, the fight eventually going to Hirst on points.

Corporal Galton, Rifle Brigade, vs Private Hunt, Lancashire Fusiliers. Galton was knocked out in the second round.

Private Halpin, Leinsters, scratched to Private Coffey of the same Regiment.

LIGHT WEIGHTS :—Second round concluded.

Sergeant Thomas, Royal Welsh Fusiliers vs. Sergeant Gibbons, 2nd King's. Thomas was declared the winner.

Private McCarthy, Connaught Rangers, vs. Private Eggleton, Berkshires. A close fight, with plenty of hard pounding. Won by McCarthy on points.

Private Tye, Warwicks, vs. Private Darwin, York and Lancasters. Darwin scored on points.

Rifleman Goodman, Rifle Brigade, vs. Lance-Corporal Haunts, Berkshires. Haunts was knocked out in the first round.

Lance-Corporal Lloyd scratched to Drummer Barnes, both of the South Lancashires.

BANTAM WEIGHTS:—Second round.

Bombardier Nuttall, 14th Battery, R. F. A. vs. Private Grimatt, Royal Welsh Fusiliers. Another even fight which Nuttall lost on points after an extra round.

Drummer Gregory, 75th Battery, R. F. A. vs. Private Braddish, Munsters. Gregory was knocked out in the third round.

Private Pinckney, Royal Irish, vs. Private Wallace, Royal Scots. Wallace, though hurt, fought well and won on points.

Private Banyard, Lancashire Fusiliers, vs. Private Caulfield, Leinsters. Caulfield was badly knocked about and lost on points after being warned twice for holding.

OFFICERS' LIGHT WEIGHTS.—First round.

Lieut. Redway, Royal Irish, vs. Lieut. Knight Bruce, Warwicks. The fight was stopped in the third round in favour of Redway.

Lieut. Steel, York and Lancasters, vs. Lieut. Masters, 99th Deccan Infantry. Masters was knocked out in the second round.

BOYS' COMPETITION.—Second round.

Boy Lindsay, 2nd King's, vs. Boy O'Dea, Leinsters. Lindsay was counted out in the second round.

Boy Loynett, Warwicks, vs. Boy Taylor, Royal Welsh. Won by Taylor on points after an extra round.

Boy Baxter, South Lancashires, vs. Boy Osbourn, Royal Welsh Fusiliers. An easy win for the Welsh lad on points.

Boy Gower, Connaught Rangers, vs. Boy Miles, South Lancashire. The fight stopped in the first round in favour of Gower,

MIDDLE WEIGHTS :—Second round concluded.

Private Duffield, Royal Scots scratched to Private Ellis of the same Regiment.

Gunner Jones, No. 9 Mountain Battery, scratched to Gunner Driscoll, No. 1 Mountain Battery.

Private Belcher, Berkshires, scratched to Private Hall of the same Regiment.

Lance Corporal Platt, South Lancashires, vs. Gunner Drake, "T" Battery, R. H. A. Won by Platt on points.

Corporal Smith, South Lancashires, vs. Private Johnson, Royal Irish. This fight concluded the evening's proceedings, Smith knocking his man out in the first round.

SIXTH DAY.

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

Some good bouts were witnessed in this morning's contests, the best of the light weights meeting each other, the fights being of a more even and well-contested nature.

FEATHER WEIGHTS :—Second round concluded.

Private Hare, South Lancashires, knocked Private Minchin, Royal Berks, out in the second round.

Private Walton, Royal Munster Fusiliers, beat Private Hall, South Lancashires. Hall was knocked out in the second round.

Private Hudson, 15th Hussars, not having turned up, the fight was given to Private Lodge, 2nd King's Regiment, who beat Private Jones, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Private Harrison, 2nd King's Regiment, beat Private Cowper, Middlesex Regiment.

LIGHT WEIGHTS:—

Private Poole, Royal Welsh Regiment, scratched to Private Casey, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Private Howarth, Lancashire Fusiliers met Corporal Coughlin, 2nd Leinster Regiment. A hard fought bout of three rounds in which Coughlin won.

BANTAM WEIGHTS.—Second round concluded.

Private Healy, 2nd Leicestershire Regiment, met Private Dwyer, 2nd King's Regiment. An excellent bout, every inch of which was well contested, an extra two minutes being allowed in which Dwyer was declared the winner and the Referee calling for applause for the loser, which was well merited.

Private Arnold, Royal Berks, knocked his opponent, Corporal Charman, Royal Welsh Regiment, out, shortly after the fight commenced, with a beautiful right hand swing on to Charman's jaw.

Corporal Walters, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, beat Private Lowery, Connaught Rangers.

Private Groate, Yorks and Lancaster Regiment, beat Private Goyler, Royal Scots.

MIDDLE WEIGHTS :—

Private Jones, Lancashire Fusiliers, scratched to Corporal Alford, King's Dragoon Guards.

Private Chase, West Riding Regiment, scratched to Bombardier Shaw, No. 9 Mountain Battery R. G. A.

FEATHER WEIGHTS :—Third round.

Private Chalk, Lancashire Fusiliers, beat Private Byrne, Connaught Rangers.

Private Hastings, Royal Welsh Regiment scratched to Private Austin, Yorks and Lancaster Regiment.

CRICKET AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

In Simla vs. Outstations cricket match to-day play was continued between showers. The Outstations compiled 258 runs in their first Innings.

Simla in the first innings had made 183 and in the second innings made 77 for seven wickets.

The match has ended in a draw.

Scores :—

OUTSTATIONS.

Major P. A. Turner, not out	105
Private Blackmore	52
Captain Stanbrough	23
Sergeant Pollard	7
Mr. R. M. Mistri	0
Mr. D. Firth	23
Mr. L. W. Alexander	2
Mr. T. A. Gladsten	3
Mr. G. A. Blackburn	15
Mr. A. C. Miller	8

SIMLA.

Mr. E. G. Gatacre	7
Mr. E. L. French	13
Lord Francis Scott	12
Mr. G. D. Barne	15
Mr. H. A. Tod	12
Major Geoghegan	6

RAILWAY THEFTS.

Another Case on the East Indian Railway.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Telegraphic intelligence has reached the Railway Police of Howrah that another running train theft has been committed between Mogul Sarai and Dinapur, stations on the East Indian Railway, last night when a Marwari was robbed of his cash box containing cash and jewellery of the value of Rs. 2,500.

IMPROVING THE TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Scheme still Awaiting Sanction.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 10.

The long discussed scheme for improving the position of the superior establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department is still before the Government of India, but is likely to be sent home shortly for sanction. The announcement that it has already been sanctioned is incorrect.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Many Reported Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10.

Most of the through trains arrived late at Howrah to-day owing, it is reported to a serious accident at Raghunathpur on the East Indian Railway. No details have come to hand yet, but it is said many passengers have been injured.

FINES of from £9 to £90, or imprisonment from one to six months, were fixed by the Turkish Chamber of Deputies as the penalties for newspapers giving distorted reports of speeches of M.P's.

THE King has consented to visit Rugby on July 3 in connection with the opening of the Temple Memorial in the Speech Room at Rugby School.

FOUR spaniel puppies at Longford, near Coventry, are being mothered by a buff Orpington hen, which breaks up the food with her beak and calls her family just as she would a brood of chicks.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," June 10).

Mr. Vinayakrao Madhavrao Moray, Acting Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Ratnagiri Range, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for three months with effect from the date of relief.

Mr. Fakirji Edalji Bharucha, L M E, A M I M E, (Lon.), to be Assistant to the Professor of Mechanical Engineering, College of Science, Poona, on probation for one year.

Mr. Ramchandra Govind Kolangade to practice as a Pleader in the Dharwar District.

Mr. Ramkrishna Babaji Dalvi to practise as a Pleader in the Nasik District.

Mr. Narayan Shamrav Betigeri to practice as a Pleader in the Belgaum District.

Mr Kashinath Gopal Ganpule to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmednagar District.

Mr. Vyaso Madhav Sondur to practise as a Pleader in the Bijapur District.

Mr. Bhagvant Mahadev Deshpande to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmednagar District.

The one month's privilege leave granted to Mr. Gandabhai Ladraji Desai, is extended by two months.

Mr. Chunilal Jadavji, Acting Aval Karkun, Thasra, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of that taluka during the absence of Mr. Tanmanishankar Ratanshanker one month's privilege leave or till further orders.

The following transfers of Mamlatdars are ordered on public Grounds :—Mr. Janardhan Lakshman Kale from Kalyan to Murbad. Mr. Yeshvant Lakshman Dhekne, B A from Murbad to Mahim. Mr. Pranlal Hariprasad Diwan, B A from Mahim to Kalyan.

The Court of Wards has assumed the superintendence of the property of Mr. Gopalrao Shindev Rajebahadar of Malegaon in the Nasik District.

The Court of Wards has assumed the superintendence of the property of minor Shivajirao Narayanrao Thorat of Bahe, taluke Valva of the Satara District.

Mr. Mahadev Narayan Vathare, Head Karkun, taluka Khanapur acted as mamlatdar of that taluka from 3rd to 23rd April (both days inclusive) being the period intervening between the departure of Mr. V. D. Lonkar and the arrival of Mr. D. G. Patwardhan.

Mr Bomanji Manekji, District Inspector, Nasik-Dindori Range, Nasik District, on Rs. 160 (now on Rs. 125), was appointed, in addition to his own duties, substantive pro tem. District Inspector, Igatpuri-Sinnar Range, on Rs. 225, with effect from the 4th January to the 15th March vice Mr Veevers, District Inspector, Igatpuri-Sinnar Range, reverted to the Customs Preventive Department Bombay.

The following transfers of Inspectors are ordered in the Excise Department after return to duty of Mr. Dyer granted three months' privilege leave from the 8th ultimo :—Mr, Hormasji C Cama, District Inspector, Kalol and Halol Talukas, Panch Mahals District, on Rs. 150, to be District Inspector Railway Beat, A'nand, Kaira District, on the same pay. Mr. G Dyer, District Inspector, Railway Beat, A'nand, Kaira District, on Rs. 125, to be District Inspector, Kalol and Halol Talukas, Panch Mahals District, on the same pay.

M. G. A. Dyer, Excise Inspector, Railway Beat, A'nand, Kaira District, on Rs. 125, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 8th May and Mr. Mehermansing Himatsing, Excise Inspector, A'nand, on Rs. 125 and substantive pro tem. on Rs. 150, directed to hold charge, in addition to his own duties.

Assistant Surgeon A. M. Dotivala has been appointed to the medical charge of the Kalyan Dispensary with effect from the 4th June.

Shanker Kashinath, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Niphad Taluka, Nasik Zilla, was granted sick leave from 26th February to 15th May inclusive, and Candidate Bhairamanath Yeshwant was apppointed to act for him from 27th March.

Umermia Allimia, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, A'nand East Taluka Kaira Zilla, was granted leave without pay from 10th to 24th May inclusive, and Candidate Pranshanker Hariprasad was appointed to act for him.

Bhimaji Shesho, Municipal Vaccinator, Dharwar Town is granted privilege leave from 16th May to 15th August inclusive and Krishnaji Ramchandra, Candidate Vaccinator, Dharwar Zilla, N. D., is appointed to act for him.

Pohamal Kishnomal, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Larkana District, was granted privilege leave from 8th May to 7th June inclusive, and Candidate Udhandas Uttamal was appointed to act for him.

Totaram Nichusing, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karachi Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 6th April to 15th May inclusive, and Candidate Wissumal Watumal was appointed to act for him from 16th April.

Mohonlal Tarsaing, Candidate Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 21st April to 6th May inclusive.

Khuda Bakh Mahomed Shrif, Candidate Vaccinator, Karachi Zilla, was granted leave without pay from 31st December 1908 to 15th May inclusive.

Dayaram Jeramdas, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Larkana District, is granted privilege leave from 23rd May to 22nd July inclusive, and Candidate Karamchand Bilandroi is appointed to act for him.

The following appointments and transfers of Clerks of the Courts are made :—Mr. Jagannath Laxman Sidhaye to be Clerk of the Court, First Class Sub-Judge's Court at Dhulia, Mr. Keshav Vishnu Aghor to be Clerk of the Court, Second Class Sub-Judge's Court, Bhusaval. Mr. Balkrishna Govind Phatak to be Clerk of the Court, Second Class Sub-Judge's Court, Yaval. Mr. Balkrishna Narhar Velhankar to be Clerk of the Court, Second Class Sub-Judge's Court, Chalisgaon. Mr. Vinayk Vaman Ashedkar to be Clerk of the Court, Second Class Sub-Judge's Court, Nandurbar.

Mr. Vishnu Raoji Joshi is appointed to act as Clerk of the Court at Pimpalgaon during the absence on leave of Mr. Laxman Sadashiv Athavale.

Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I.C.S., took charge of his duties as Assistant Judge, Belgaum, on 2nd June.

Mr. S. M. Telang is appointed to act as Clerk of the Court in the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Vengurla in place of Mr. J. J. Redkar retiring.

Mr. J. B. Vacha, District Deputy Collector and Magistrate, First Class, in the Thana District to be in charge of the Kalyan Sub-Division consisting of the Kalyan, Murbad and Shahapur Talukas.

The District Magistrate, Belgaum has relieved Mr. G. S. Hardy, I. C. S., Magistrate, First Class, of the charge of the sub-division consisting of the talukas of Belgaum (excluding the area comprised within the Municipal limits of the City of Belgaum), Khanapur, Sampgaon and Parasgad and placed Mr. G. H. Cowan, I. C. S., Magistrate, First Class, in charge thereof.

Mr. Anant Govind Aukalgi, Head Karkun and Magistrate, Third Class, Athni, is invested with additional powers specified in Schedule IV of Procedure, 1898.

Fourth Grade Police Inspector Janaji Harji, General No. 89 of the Ratnagiri District, having been invalided on the 10th May the leave granted to him is converted into leave on medical certificate.

The appointments of Messrs. N. L. Phadke and N. D. Banhatti, as Acting Head Master, High School, Nasik, and B. J. High School, Thana, respectively are cancelled.

Mr. Narayan Dado Banhatti, B.A., First Assistant High School, Poona (pay Rs. 150), is appointed Acting Head Master, High School, Nasik, during the absence of Mr. V. S. Deshmukh or till further orders.

THE market for the Secretary of State's Bills has slightly receded. The next week's allotment has consequently been reduced to sixty lakhs, the Secretary of State's position being now a strong one.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending June 8, was 545, giving a death-rate of 28·98 per annum per thousand as against 34·14, the corresponding period of last year, and 43·18, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 55 died from fevers; 56, plague; 10, small-pox; 11, cholera ; 1, leprosy ; 48, phthisis ; 56, diseases of the nervous system ; 120, affections of the respiratory organs; 37, diarrhœa; 19, dysentery; 31, still-born; 56, old age and debility; 17, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 12, Brahmin, 18; Lingaet, 4; Bhattia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 262; Hindu low caste, 51; Musalman, 124; Parsee, 39; Jew, 4; Native Christian 15 ; Eurasian, 3 ; European, 8. The total number of births was 306 as against 341, the corresponding period of last year, and 328, the average over the past five years.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

DRESS AT THE HAYMARKET.

There are many new ideas to be seen in the dresses at the new Haymarket play. The long coat, for instance, so fashionable at the moment, appears in a mulberry red moire, richly embroidered with silk cords. It opens over a draped waistcoat of the moire which in its turn opens over a vest of cream net and lace. The skirt is plain, with a boxpleat at the back, and one long sash end at the side. With this dress is worn a hat of coarse brown straw, trimmed with a band of mulberry red velvet and a panache of birds and feathers. Another dress made of blue satin charmeuse is richly embroidered with a leaf design in silks. The bodice is very prettily arranged with a vest of gold embroidery, to which the material is brought up to a point from the waist. The skirt has the effect of a long tunic turned back a little in the middle of the front and again caught together by cords and tassels. A band of gold tissue is carried round the skirt mid-way between the knees and feet, and over this is appliqued the embroidery, which is sufficiently transparent to show the glint of the gold. A hat of blue Tegal straw trimmed with velvet and wings of the same blue and a huge muff of chiffon and velvet complete the costume. A pale cinnamon cloth is used for another pretty dress, and it is richly worked with silk soutaches. The corsage is of cinnamon chiffon over an inner bodice of tucked white net run with silver threads, and the pleated skirt is finished with a draped tunic. Two white linen dresses worn by "the twins" are very fresh-looking, and suggest pretty river

BY THE WAY.

BEST BUTTER.

There is something quaintly non-committal about the announcement in a Manchester grocer's shop which reads:—"Try our choice butter, 1s. a lb. Usually sold as best where no higher quality is kept."

A "BIG UNTRUE."

A Midlands firm, whose shipment to Japan of some goods was delayed, received the following communication from their newly-appointed Japanese agent:—"With regard to the matter of escaping the penalty for non-delivery of this—there is only one way to creep round same—by diplomat. We must make a stir of strike occurring in our factory. Of course big untrue. I plase my presence on enclosed form of letter and belive this will avoid the trouble of penalty of same. As Mr.——is most religious and competent man, also heavily upright and godly, it fears me that useless to apply for his signature. Please therefore attach same at Yokhama office, making forge. But no cause for fear a prison happenings, as this often happens by merchants of high integrity. But if this involves that your honour look mean and excessive awkward for business purpose, I think more better a little serpent-like wisdom of polite manhood and thus found good business edifice."

MEREDITH AND MINERAL WATERS.

In his lately published reminiscences, Mr. Henry Murray tells how, when he was dining once with Meredith, one of the guests would drink nothing but mineral waters. Meredith "warned him against that habit with an intense and even tragic solemnity illustrating its dangers by an horrific story about a fellow-collegian at Dusseldorf—'when I was studying medicine there'—who had fallen a victim to an unbridled thirst for that kind of beverage. The unfortunate youth had died suddenly and in inexpressible agony leaving behind him a solemn request that the autopsy should be performed by his friend George Meredith. 'When I made the first incision,' said the narrator suiting the action to the word with a horrible pantomimic gusto on the joint of mutton he was carving, 'the glitter of the stalactites in the poor fellow's gastric cavity positively blinded me—I had to wear blue spectacles for months after.'"

THE EGOIST.

"The Egoist" was placed by R. L. Stevenson high on his list of "Books that have influenced me." "Here," he said, "is a Nathan for the modern David; here is a book to send the blood into men's faces." Stevenson illustrated the remarkable quality of this book by the story of a young friend of Meredith's who went to the author in an agony after reading it. This is too bad of you," he cried; "Willoughby is me?" "No, my dear fellow, replied Meredith; "He is all of us." The confession was made by Stevenson that he had read "The Egoist" five or six times and meant to read it again, for he found Willoughby "an unmanly but a very serviceable exposure" of himself.

"BROWNIES."

The Bangor children who hunted for "brownies" in the old churchyard, the other day, would certainly have chimed a "Yes" to Peter Pan's question "Do you believe in fairies?" Brownies, certainly, were always homely fairies, inclined, if well treated, to be friendly. They were the domestic fairies, who came came in the night and did all the drudgery of the house to the astonishment of the maids in the morning. "The brownie," writes the fairies' historian, "was a very obliging spirit, who used . . . for a dish or cream to perform lustily any piece of work that might remain to be done." King James speaks well of them in his "Demonology," and we hear of them a good deal in the folk-lore of the Highlands. They had not the "big eyes and long ears" of the Bangor children's imagination, but were were big and hairy. The "labbar fiend" of l'Allegro would seem to be a brownie; and he "basks at the fire his hairy strength."

CLERKS OF THE MARKET.

Oxford is the place where one would expect to find such a curious medieval survival as the "clerks of the market," whose remuneration was discussed by Congregation on Tuesday. The clerks of the market are University officers, who were first appointed in the middle of the fourteenth century and have gone on existing long after most of their functions have departed. Their duties went when the old State regulation of prices and other restrictions on trade were abolished, but still they have the right to confiscate untrue weights and measures and butter under-weight. They were first appointed by the University at a time when the University had just issued victorious out of a long struggle for authority with the town, and the University was the autocratic master of all the town concerns. At this time the University did nearly everything which was afterwards done by either the Municipality or the State—street cleansing and paving, assessment and taxation, supervision of food and drink, and many other things. Unwholesome or "incompetent" victuals forfeited by the University were given to the Hospital of St. John—a fact which has been held to throw an unpleasant light on medieval hospital management.

TOO LATE.

The pavement was rather crowded, writes a correspondent, and I must have jostled or at least grazed the French gentleman. He turned upon me, spluttering with indignation. "Sare, you 'ave insult me you 'ave knock me!" I apologised; I expressed the deepest regret if, inadvertently, I had caused him any inconvenience; but he raised a hand to heaven and declared solemnly: "It is too late, now; it is too late, now."

A MEREDITH STORY.

Though a brilliant conversationalist, Mr. Meredith had, of course, his silent moods, and he happened to be in one of them at a certain picnic. Next to him sat a lady, herself a good talker, who had been looking forward to this meeting for days, and, it may be guessed, preparing for it. In vain; the only sentense that passed his lips was when he reached slightly across her for the salt—"Excuse the picnic stretch."

MEREDITH'S POLICIES.

Mr. Meredith's Liberalism was a matter of development, and his disciple finds it not a little difficult to recognise the master in a Tory journalist of about 1859-1865. During that mid-Victorian period Meredith, as editor of "The Ipswich Journal," was opposing Parliamentary reform, ridiculing the ideas of Cobden and Bright as to our relations with other European nations, condemning the ballot as "not of the blood of the British Constitution," and championing the side of the South against the North in the American War. Lincoln was "a President who cannot write grammar," and his generals men who "lie to the public, snarl among themselves, and all turn tail to the foe." Manchester had to bear shrewd blows from Mr. Meredith's editorial bludgeon. "What has not been the power of Manchester," writes the editor of the "Ipswich Journal," "in the Legislature of late? Say, what has tarnished the chivalry of England before Europe? What has made the thirst for gold a fever throughout the country? What has caused the accumulation of wealth to be followed up with almost the fervour of a religious inspiration? Have not the instigation and the rule of Manchester been heavy on us for years?—and yet its representatives are disappointed!"

MEREDITH'S ANCESTRY.

Mr. Meredith, though born in Hampshire, was of Welsh extraction, and his name is the Anglicised form of Meredydd. The name has been Anglicised in accent as well as in spelling, and Welsh people remind us of it, by always referring to the novelist as George Meredith, not Meredith. Mr. Meredith took much interest in Welsh movements, notably the Eisteddfod. In 1906 he proclaimed himself a "Conservative" on the subject of reforming that institution. "I am of opinion," he wrote to a member of the Gorsedd, "that it would be unwise, even to the improving of the dignity of the Eisedd-fod, to make a departure from old customs. New features would be likely to turn it into something other than it was. Representatives of the University of Wales on the Executive Committee of the Gorsedd might be of good service, but business men, such as we know them the world over, are not to be recommended to an institution for the preaching of spiritual nobility." The University of Wales conferred its degree of D. Litt. on Mr. Meredith in 1902.

MEN AND MATTERS.

WHAT IS A DREADNOUGHT?

Mr. McKenna, whose name has been prominently under notice lately owing to differences of opinion respecting the present efficiency of the Navy, made rather a neat remark the other night. He was dining out, and a young lady next to him said, "Oh, Mr. McKenna, do you mind telling me exactly what a 'Dreadnought' is?" "A Dreadnought," replied the First Lord, "is the greatest nuisance, I have ever encountered, and I never wish to meet anything like it again."

KING AND FISHERMAN.

The Italian papers tell a good story of the King of Italy, who has a weakness for fishing, which is only equalled by his consistent bad luck. He was angling recently in a decidedly "neglige" costume in a pool at his country seat at Racconigi, when an old peasant passed, and ignorant of his identity, remarked smilingly: "It seems to me that you are as unlucky as the King." "Why!" asked King Victor Emmanuel. "Oh, everybody knows that he may be a good King—but a fisherman, he will never be!"

A SINGER'S ROMANCE.

Senor Carasa, the tenor whose first appearance at Covent Garden in 'Cavalleria Rusticana' was so great a success, hails from Spain. He is only twenty-one years of age, and pure hazard led to his appearance as a grand opera singer—pure hazard, that is, in addition to the possession of an exceptionally fine voice. Some two years ago Carasa was studying law at Saint Sebastien, and utilising his gifts as a vocalist in his spare time. He was singing one evening in a popular choir at an open-air concert at which M. de Trabadello happened to be present. M. de Trabadello was so impressed by the singing of the young student that he offered to make himself responsible for Carasa's musical education, predicting for him a brilliant career. The young man accepted, went to Paris, and when his education was considered complete by his master, was introduced to the world at Covent Garden. Mr. Hammerstein, director of the Manhattan Opera House, New York, was invited by M. de Trabadello to be present as Carasa's 'debut,' and was so pleased with the performance that he engaged the young tenor for a period of five years. He is to appear 'in The Huguenots' at New York next season.

A NOTABLE JEW.

The Anglo-Jewish community has received another heavy blow recently in the death of another very notable man, Mr. Ellis A. Franklin, who passed away in his eighty-seventh year, at his residence in Porchester Terrace, Mr. Ellis A. Franklin belonged to the orthodox section, which at one time was so bitterly opposed to Professor Marks and the Reform Congregation, and was a typical patriarch in Israel, never so happy as when, on the high Jewish festivals, he could gather round him at the festive board his sons and daughters, all of whom were married, and their many children. His youngest daughter is the wife of Mr. Herbert Samuel. Under-Secretary of State for Home Affairs, a cousin. Another one of Mr. Franklin's children also married a cousin, Mr. Ernest Franklin, whose wife is a daughter of Lord Swaythling.

GIVING A TITHE.

Mr. Franklin was associated early in life with Lord Swaythling, then Mr. Samuel Montagu, in the foreign banking business, became a partner, and in 1846 married his partner's sister. Some years ago he retired from business, two of his sons taking his place in the firm. To give a list of the Jewish institutions and charities with which Mr. Franklin was connected is practically to name all Jewry's important organisations, and his munificence was on an equally widespread scale. He fulfilled the old Jewish precept of bestowing in charity a tithe of his income, and many of his benefactions, both to individuals and societies, were anonymous. His good nature and tender heart, which never allowed him to turn a deaf ear to any deserving case, endeared him to an immense circle of friends. Staunch observant Jews such as the deceased gentleman are the pillars of Anglo-Jewry. His four sons all follow in their father's footsteps, and give much of their time to communal work of varied kinds.

A VETERAN OF THE STAGE.

It is difficult to believe, looking at him to-day, that Sir Squire Bancroft celebrated his sixty-eighth birthday the other day. His spruce, upright figure is a familiar sight to Londoners at first-nights and other functions, and one can never see him without feeling regret that he has retired from a profession in which he gave so much delight to thousands of playgoers. It was as far back as 1865 that Sir Squire gave up his professional career, and his farewell performance at the Haymarket Theatre was one of the most brilliant affairs of its kind on record. Born in 1841—the same year that King Edward saw the light—Sir Squire made his first appearance at the old Theatre Royal, Birmingham, at the age of twenty. Coming to London in 1865, he was so successful that in twenty years he had made a fortune probably unequalled by any other English actor. He married the popular and brilliant Marie Wilton in 1867. It is said that Sir Squire Bancroft has earned a fortune of nearly £200,000, and had he remained in active work he might easily have doubled this large sum. Since his retirement he has made many thousands of pounds for hospitals by giving readings of Dickens's "Christmas Carol."

THE OLD PRINCE OF WALES'S.

During Sir Squire and Lady Bancroft's tenancy of the old Prince of Wales's Theatre they probably did more for the progress of their profession than any other actor and actress. No one who remembers seeing them can ever forget their charm or the fine stagemanagement that was characteristic of all their productions. "During our long spell of management," Sir Squire has said, "my wife and I acted more than three thousand times in the Robertson comedies which we produced. I think I can safely add that throughout that ordeal—three thousand performances, equal in time to some years of life—neither Polly Eccles nor Naomi Tighe or their companions lost their charm, their vivacity, their art." Sir Squire has also had a great deal of success as a Shakesperean actor, having appeared as Othello, Mercutio, Laertes, and the Ghost in 'Hamlet.'

A VALUED SOUVENIR.

Apart from acting, Sir Squire is a very versatile man, and together with his wife has produced two books of interesting memoirs. Of course, his chief interest is still the theatre, and practically his only recreations are cycling and collecting walking-sticks. Lady Bancroft is even more literary than her husband and she has written one or two clever plays, notably 'A Riversaide Story,' which was performed at the Haymarket, and 'My Daughter,' which John Hare presented at the Garrick some years ago. Of the many mementoes and souvenirs with which their house in Berkeley Square is filled, the Bancrofts value nothing more highly than a brick from the walls of the green room of the old Prince of Wales's Theatre. When the theatre was being demolished Lady Bancroft commissioned a policemen to bring her one of the bricks, and this interesting relic is placed in a box made from wood sawn from one of the planks of the stage, and occupies a prominent place in Sir Squire and Lady Bancroft's handsome drawing-room.

MR. HERBERT TRENCH.

Although Mr. Herbert Trench, whom every good playgoer will earnestly thank for the attempt he is going to make to establish a permanent repertory theatre in London, has not as yet achieved fame in theatrical circles, he has already made a fair reputation for himself as a poet. His first volume of verse, published some eight years ago, while he was in the Education Department at Whitehall, was an immediate success, and justified the author in abandoning governmental work for the more congenial occupation of literature. Mr. Trench has no doubt, inherited much of his poetic gifts from his grandfather, Archdeacon Trench, who won distinct fame for his poetry long before he became a celebrated divine. There used to be a good story told in connection with the Archdeacon's appointment to the Anglican Bench. It happened that before he became Dean of Westminster he had been offered and had accepted the Bishopric of Gloucester, but before the consent of Queen Victoria had been given to the appointment the news of Dr. Trench's acceptance of the Bishopric was made public in the London Press and as a consequence another arrangement was made by her Majesty. He was, however, appointed to the Deanery of Westminster, and subsequently to the Archbishopric of Dublin.

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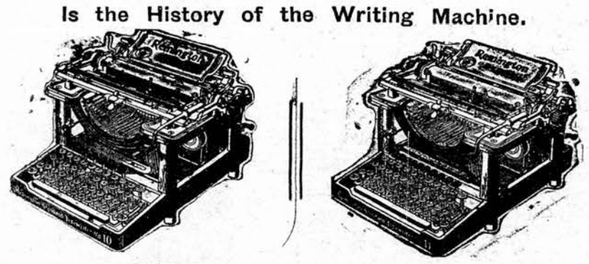

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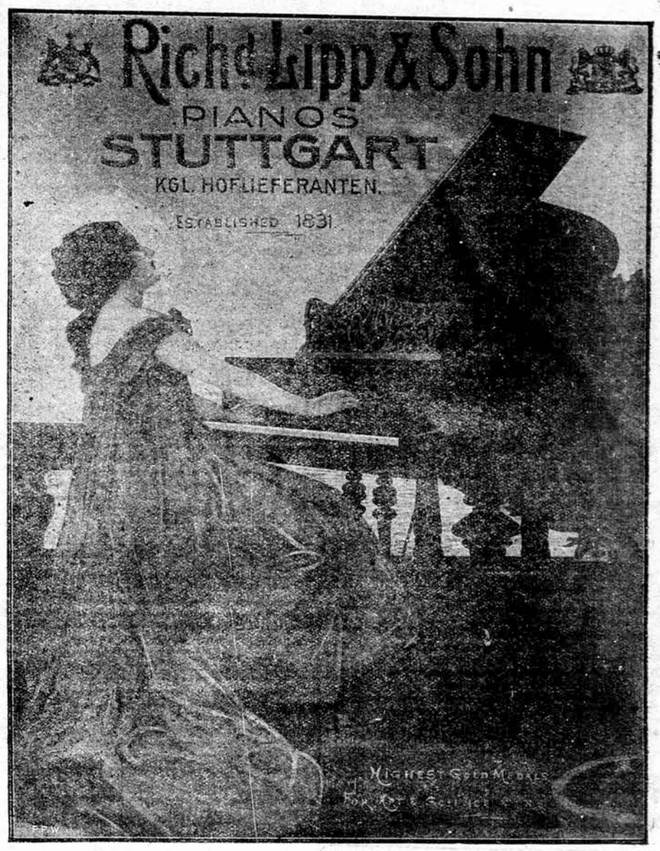
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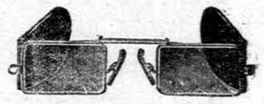

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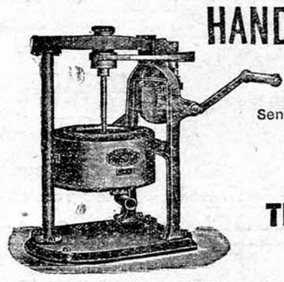

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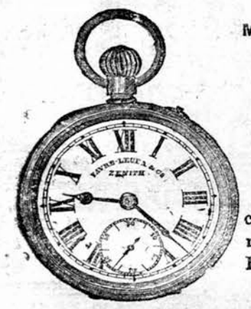

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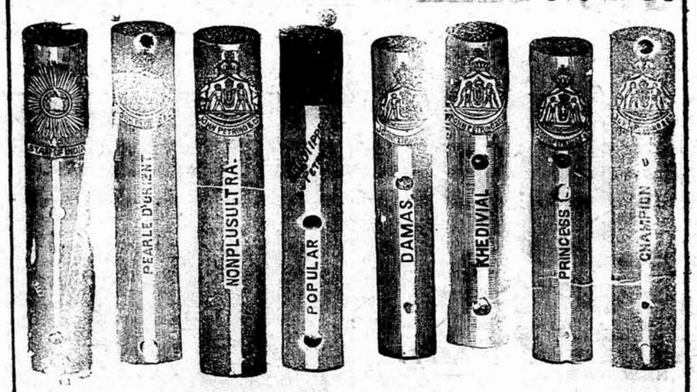

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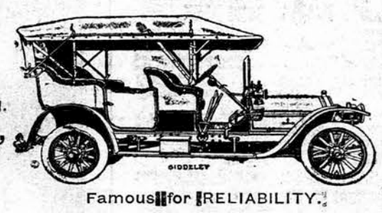

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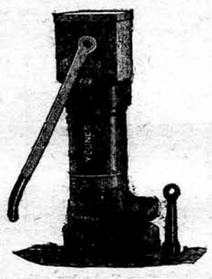

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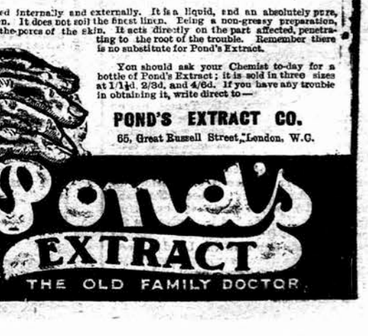

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